

Fair tonight and Friday;
somewhat colder tonight;
moderate variable winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

THE LOWELL SUN

7
O'CLOCK

14 PAGES 1 CENT

U. S. NOTE TO CHILE AND PERU

Declared Nations Owed It to Rest of World to Compose Differences

Plans for Lasting Peace Expected To Be Made at Peace Conference

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Acting Secretary Poll made public at the state department today the text of the note handed by the United States ambassadors recently to the presidents of Chile and Peru, saying that the two South American nations owed it to the rest of the world to compose their differences; and informing them that the United States stood "ready to tender alone, or in conjunction with other countries of this hemisphere, all possible assistance" to bring about an equitable solution.

The note said the United States viewed the severance of consular relations between the two governments with the gravest apprehension, particularly on the eve of the Paris peace conference "at which it is confidently expected that steps will be taken to provide for an era of lasting peace among all peoples."

BREST PUTS ON HOLIDAY ATTIRE

Eagerly Awaiting the Arrival of Pres. Wilson at Noon Tomorrow

American Naval Establishment at Brest in Wireless Touch With Peace Liner

BREST, Dec. 12.—(Noon—By the Associated Press)—Brest has put on its holiday attire and is eagerly awaiting the arrival of President Wilson at noon tomorrow. The American naval establishment here got into direct wireless touch this morning with the presidential fleet. The weather which the fleet is experiencing is favorable to its quick progress.

If the weather early tomorrow is rough the George Washington may enter the sheltered roadstead-towards 10 o'clock. Otherwise the regular program will be carried out, the steamer entering the harbor about

Continued to Page Eight

HOLD FRONT AGAINST ATTACK LAUNCHED BY BOLSHEVIKI

STOCKHOLM, Dec. 12.—The delegation from the Russian Baltic provinces which has its headquarters here received a telegram yesterday reporting that the Estonian front was still holding against the attack launched upon it by the Russian bolsheviks, although the situation was grave because of a shortage of arms and ammunition. Russian ships have bombarded the coast from Narva to Assemen, but attempts by the bolsheviks to land on the Estonian shore were frustrated. In the south the bolsheviks have captured Neuhausen, west of Pskov. The delegation represents the situation as such as to make urgent the necessity of sending help to the attacked front.

TO PROLONG ARMISTICE DUTCHMEN ARE EXCITED

Negotiations Began at Treves, Rhenish Prussia, Today, It Is Announced

PARIS, Dec. 12.—(Havas)—Negotiations for the prolongation of the armistice began today at Treves, Rhenish Prussia.

The Marin says that the German armistice delegates have requested that the allies reinforce their troops at certain points in order to aid the German authorities in maintaining quiet. The paper adds that in cases where the German military chiefs may urge more extended occupation in central Germany, the allies will limit the sending of troops into German territory only to the necessities of occasions which may arise.

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 12.—The people living in the southern part of the Dutch province of Limburg, are excited by repeated references in Belgian and French newspapers to a possible severance of a part of that province from Holland. Forty-nine burgomasters in that region have telegraphed to Queen Wilhelmina, expressing their indignation and assuring her of their firm allegiance.

TO ENLARGE U. S. NAVY

Admiral Badger Wants It as Large as That of Any Other Country

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Appropriations to provide a navy for the United States by 1923, as large as that of any other country, were urged today by Admiral Badger of the general board of the navy before the house naval committee.

ARREST GERMANS

Held in Paris for Receiving Stolen Goods

PARIS, Dec. 12.—(Havas)—Two German brothers named Roehling have been arrested by the allied military authorities on a charge of receiving stolen goods. They are declared to have gathered together a considerable quantity of machinery stolen from France.

ST. PATRICK'S ALUMNI

Meeting tonight at 8 o'clock in the School Hall, Suffolk street. As this is an important meeting all members are requested to be present.

J. FLANNERY, Chairman.

DANCING—Associate Hall THURSDAY NIGHT, DECEMBER 12.

The Lenox Banjo Orchestra of Boston, augmented by Adam Ross, Boston's famous cornetist.

GENTS 40c LADIES 30c

THE SECOND BIG IRISH NIGHT OF DANCING BY THE "VICTORY BOYS"

A.O.H. Hall. Friday Evening, Dec. 13, 1918.

WALL'S ORCHESTRA. ADMISSION 35 CENTS.

16th Annual Dance by the AMERICAN GLEE CLUB

At Associate Hall—Music: Miner-Doyle's Orchestra—Ticket, 35¢—

War Tax Included

FRIDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 13, 1918

LOWELL MASS. THURSDAY DECEMBER 12 1918

MORE TROOPS ON WAY HOME

Sailings of Four Army Transports Bringing Americans to U. S. Announced

About 9000 Men Aboard Four Big Liners, Says War Department

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Sailings of four army transports bringing additional units from France were announced today by the war department. The ships are the transports H. R. Mallory, Rappahannock, Leviathan and Celtic, with about 9000 men. The Rappahannock sailed Dec. 6, and the other vessels Dec. 8. The Leviathan brings casual Companies Nos. 301 to 315, inclusive, 1119 hospital patients, 500 causal and the second anti-aircraft sector.

The Celtic brings headquarters, third battalion, headquarters company and medical detachment of the 51st pioneer infantry (colored); casual companies Nos. 1051 to 1057, inclusive; 220 patients and several civilians.

The Mallory has on board the headquarters, sanitary detachment, ordnance detachment, headquarters company, band, supply company and batteries A and B of the 143rd field artillery regiment; the 56th field artillery brigade headquarters and 821 sick and wounded.

300 Wounded Arrive

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—Born on stretchers or hobbling on crutches, 300 more wounded soldiers, representing almost as many units of the American Expeditionary Forces, landed on Yankee soil again today from the United States hospital ship Mercy. The vessel reached quarantine last night from Bordeaux and docked this forenoon.

Notwithstanding mutilations, unhealed wounds and long suffering, there was scarcely a soldier among them who did not have a cheery countenance and a tale to tell, proudly but modestly, of "how we licked the Hun."

118th Field Artillery Coming

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—The 118th field artillery, complete, sailed from France Dec. 9 on the transport Martha Washington. On the same ship were training cadres of the 33th division, the headquarters company of the 118th field artillery, a number of casuals and 820 sick and wounded.

PLOTS TO BLOW UP WAR PLANTS

Documents Shedding Light on German System in Hands of Officials

Show German Activity Here Before and After United States Entered War

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Voluminous documents shedding light on the German system for blowing up munition factories and practicing sabotage and espionage in various forms have been assembled by the department of justice in preparation for disclosure, it is said, but officials have not determined what portion of these it would be wise to give out or when it may be done without interfering with activities of government agents still in progress. The disclosures of A. Bruce Bielski, chief of the bureau of investigation before the senate committee investigating propaganda constitute only a small part of the evidence of German practices gathered by the department's agents in the last two years. Mr. Bielski has taken care to confine himself to propaganda, it is pointed out, and this virtually was a separate branch of German activity in this country both before and after the United States entered the war. Ordinarily propaganda was carried on by a distinctly different group of German agents or "pro-German Americans and the chief German agents took great pains to keep knowledge of sabotage plans from these propagandists.

Hundreds of Agents Here

The files of the bureau of investigation are said to contain hundreds of names of German agents and Americans with whom they had dealings in gathering information about the nation's war preparations and concerning Germany's enemies before this country entered the war. These names have not been disclosed.

When Bielski appears before the senate committee again tomorrow for examination, some senators may question him about phases of the bureau's work other than the campaign against enemy propaganda.

Throughout the war it has been the policy of the department of justice to maintain strict secrecy regarding most matters relating to investigating agents, including interviews of enemy aliens. Attorney General Gregor said many of these secrets would be made known at the proper time.

LOWELL MEN ON CASUALTY LIST

Lieut. A. D. Weld Among Those Reported Killed in Action—Others Wounded

Corp. Frank R. Salome Reported Missing—Lowell's Toll of War Growing

Once more the toll of war casualties is striking Lowell and today brought news of more men killed in action, wounded or reported missing.

Lieut. A. D. Weld, a nephew of Frederick C. Weld of this city, is re-



SERGT. ALEXANDER GRIMARD

ported killed in action; Privates James A. Welch and Manuel W. Perry, are also reported killed in action, although news of their deaths has previously been published in The Sun; Sergt. Alexander J. Grimard, Priv. Athanasios Kyriakopoulos, Priv. William J. Savage, Private Joseph P. Shea and Private Mathew A. Ryan are reported wounded, and Corp. Frank R. Salome is missing in action.

Corp. Frank Salome

Mrs. Rossi Salome of 16 Elmery street received this message today from the adjutant general's office of the war department, Washington.

"Deeply regret to inform you that Corp. Frank R. Salome, Infantry, is officially reported as missing in action since November 9. Further information

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U. S. ARMY OFFICERS ARRIVE IN BERLIN

BERLIN, Wednesday, Dec. 11.—(By the Associated Press)—Bulgarian General Harries and Lieuts. Gaillard and Schelling of the American commission for the repatriation of war prisoners arrived in Berlin last night. They were the first American officers to arrive in Berlin since the signing of the armistice. They had a 25 hour ride from Spa, Belgium.

BILLIONS MORE IN BONDS ARE NEEDED

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Five to five and a half billion dollars more of bonds must be issued to finance the government this year, Secretary McAdoo told the house ways and means committee today in discussing financial questions. He based this on an estimate of 18 billions dollars in expenditures and members of the committee said the estimate was not too low.

TRAINS IN COLLISION AT EASTONDALE

EASTONDALE, Dec. 12.—The N. Y. H. & H. train due at Boston at 7:35 a. m. from Stoughton, crashed into a freight car near this station early today. The locomotive was thrown off the track and toppled over. The engineer, George Leggert, of Stoughton, and the fireman, jumped, escaping serious injury. The second coach also left the rails and passengers were thrown to the floor, several being slightly hurt.

The freight car, loaded with hay, caught fire and was destroyed before the North Easton fire department arrived. The freight was badly battered. The passenger train was loaded with shoe workers going to Brockton factories. The accident happened when the freight was rammed by the passenger train while shifting onto a "Y" to give the local a clear track. The last car of the freight had not cleared the main line track.

REPORT VISCOUNT MILNER TO RESIGN

LONDON, Dec. 12.—The Daily Express says Viscount Milner, secretary of state for war, is about to quit the government.

In the London Auxiliary of the 11th Infantry will be held Tuesday, Dec. 12, at 7:15, at the Board of Trade Rooms, 117 Merrimack Street.

Mr. William H. Merritt, chairman,

Dr. A. J. Gagnon

100-100 MERRIMACK ST.

Grey Says League of Nations Is Solution to Question of Freedom of Seas

Declares Great Britain and United States Can Reach Complete Agreement by Joining Such a League—British Grateful to Americans for Assistance in Maintaining Blockade Against Germany

DEWBURY, England, Wednesday, Dec. 11.—A League of Nations is the solution to the question of "freedom of the seas" and Great Britain and the United States can reach a complete agreement on that question by joining such a league, according to Viscount Grey, former foreign secretary. In a talk he tonight, he said the seas were free in times of peace and Great Britain had placed no restrictions upon them. During the war the American navy had aided the British navy in maintaining the blockade and he thought that the United States would use the same weapon if necessary for it arose.

"Made in" America. Viscount Grey said in part: "This is a matter. It is feared, may create difficulties between President Wilson and the British government. I

Continued to Page Eight

K. OF C. WAR CAMP WORK

DANIELS ORDERS LEAVE TO ALL MEN OF NAVY

FREEDOM FOR IRELAND

Congressman Rogers Presents Lowell Resolution to Foreign Affairs Committee

(Special to The Sun)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Congressman Rogers today put before the foreign affairs committee, of which he is a member, the resolution affirmed at the recent mass meeting of the United Irish societies of Lowell in favor of the rights of Ireland to governmental self-determination and securing for Ireland this right at the forthcoming peace conference.

Congressman Rogers presented the resolution at an important meeting of the foreign affairs committee which is being held to consider resolutions along that line and he submitted the Lowell documents as strong evidence in favor of the pending question.

During the continuance of the war, congress has felt it wiser not to consider the Irish question owing to possible complications which might arise, but now that the war has terminated Mr. Rogers is hopeful of favorable action by the committee and will urge such action. The Lowell resolution is signed by Michael J. Monahan, Michael J. Sharkey, James O'Sullivan, John Barrett, Francis Kieras, John J. Rainey, John McErney, Patrick J. Mahoney and Philip J. Harlan.

There is reason to believe the committee will favorably report the resolutions now being considered and with which the Lowell resolution is associated.

RICHARDS.

DENY KING GEORGE TO VISIT UNITED STATES

PROTEST REMOVAL OF WOMEN FROM CARS

CLEVELAND, Dec. 12.—A protest against the recommendation of the federal war labor board that women be removed from cars of the Cleveland Railway Co. and a request that the board reopen the case, has been forwarded to William H. Taft, joint chairman of the board, by Miss Rose Moriarty, representing the Car Women's association.

The action was taken after a conference with Miss Ethel Smith of Washington, secretary of the National Women's Trade Union League. It is planned to enlist the aid of all state woman suffrage organizations.

Good Luck Is Better Than Bad Luck

But of what avail unless one is foresighted—now is the time of year to fortify for the new year—more so than ever before—because 1919 conditions are so uncertain. Play Safe. Put Money in the Bank.

MIDDLESEX TRUST CO.

(Middlesex Safe Deposit & Trust Co.)

A MASSACHUSETTS TRUST COMPANY

Savings accounts begin interest first day of month—12 times yearly.

Bank open all day Saturday and evening.

MICHINACK-PALMER STS.

45c

45c

45c

45c

45c

45c

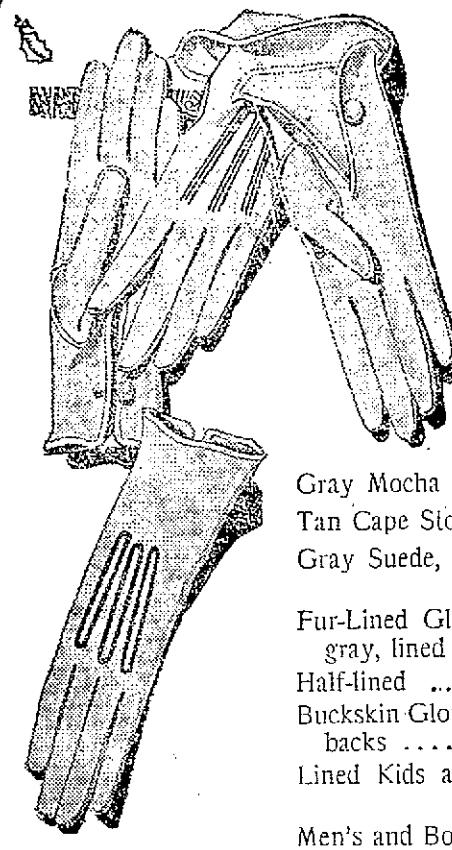
45c

4

Buy His Christmas Gifts at Talbot's

MANY DESIRABLE AND NECESSARY GIFTS FOR MEN AND BOYS

OPEN ALL DAY THURSDAYS UNTIL CHRISTMAS



Give Him Gloves

Gray Mocha	\$3.50
Tan Cape Stock.....	\$2.00
Gray Suede, with black backs,	\$2.00, \$2.50
Fur-Lined Gloves, in tan and gray, lined throughout.....	\$6.00
Half-lined	\$4.00
Buckskin Gloves, plain or black backs	\$3.00, \$3.50
Lined Kids and Mochas, \$2.00, \$3.00	
Men's and Boys' Wool Gloves, all colors.....	35c to \$1.50

We want every woman in Lowell to visit our Christmas store. Men's gifts can be bought to the best advantage in a man's store, and this is the man's store of Lowell. Talbot's offers the newest and best merchandise, the most attractive styles, the finest qualities, the lowest prices and the best service.

Because of these reasons we serve more men probably than any two other stores in Lowell. And there is a reason by the wives and sisters should not come here.

This year we have prepared for a great increase in our women customers. We have doubled our stock and show the largest and best selected in town. You'll get quick service here, and that means much to you at the Christmas time.



Give Him Neckwear

TALBOT'S SPECIAL NECKWEAR

The best values to be had at a variety of prices. All the scarfs shown are this season's best productions, 50c, 65c, \$1, \$1.50, \$2, \$2.50

Cheney Silk Reversible Four-in-Hands, in new patterns

Knit and Crocheted Ties, in plain colors and heather mixtures, \$1.50, \$2.00

Men's Bows, Bats and String Ties, \$1.50, \$2.00

Men's Bows, Bats and String Ties, \$1.50, \$2.00

Men's Shirts

More Beautiful Than Ever, New Weaves, New Designs, Novel Yet in Good Taste

Stiff Cuffs, in novelty patterns, all new.....	\$1.50, \$2.00
Soft Cuffs, in new colorings and a variety of cloths, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$3.00	
Silk Shirts, soft cuffs, neat and fancy effects, at.....	\$5.00



Bath Robes

Excellent weight blanket material, ranging from quiet effects in brown, gray and blues, to the brighter patterns in Indian stripes and plaids, at

Other Robes from

\$7.00 to \$12.00

Give Him a Hat or Cap or Fur Cap



HATS AND CAPS

Men's Fine Furs and Velours.....	\$3.00 to \$10.00
Men's Winter Caps, \$1.00 to \$3.00	
Men's Seal Caps.....	\$7.00
Men's Fur Caps.....	\$5.00

For the people who have not visited our boys' department, and of course there are a few, we would state that we have a stock as large, a variety as great, as you can find in few stores in New England. The best of it is we are doing business in proportion to our stock. There's seldom a week that does not double the corresponding week of the previous year.

BOYS' OVERCOATS

\$10, \$12, \$15, \$18, \$20, \$22

JUVENILE OVERCOATS

\$5, \$6.75, \$8.50 up to \$12

MACKINAWS

\$8.50, \$10, \$12, \$15

Satisfaction Guaranteed With Every Garment. You Are Cordially Invited to Inspect Our Stock.

BOYS' SUITS

\$6.75, \$8.50, \$10, \$12 up to \$20

JUVENILE SUITS

\$4, \$5, \$6, \$8.50

Bell Blouses (light stripes)

Bell Blouses (dark stripes)

BUY AT A MAN'S STORE

The Talbot Clothing Co.

AMERICAN HOUSE BLOCK

CENTRAL AT WARREN ST.

Give Him Handkerchiefs

HANDKERCHIEFS

Men's plain lawn hemstitched—

3 for

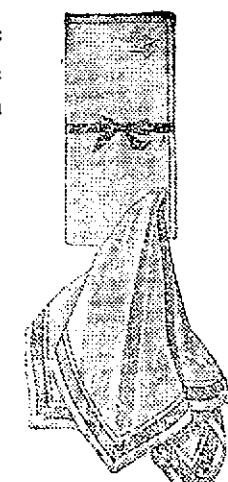
2 for

And

Ladies' Handkerchiefs in fancy boxes—

1-4 dozen, 35c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00

1-2 dozen..... 50c-\$1.00



MUFFLERS

Cotton and Fibre Silk, \$1.00 to \$3.00

All silk, in plain or accordion weaves, a variety of colorings, \$4.00, \$5.00, \$6.00

REPORT OF SEC. WILSON MADE PUBLIC

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—The administration by returned soldiers and sailors of large tracts of land under the direction and with the aid of the federal government is recommended as a solution of many of the labor problems arising from demobilization by Secretary of Labor Wilson in his annual report, made public today. The govern-

ment should, in the opinion of Mr. Wilson, establish and equip individual farms, which would be linked into community groups.

The war has demonstrated the pa-

trotism and loyalty of American labor,

the report says, and in the continuation

of the "spirit of sacrifice" on the part

of employer and employee shown during

the war, Secretary Wilson believes

that the hope for the further attain-

ment and development during the days

of peace that democracy for which

we have taken up arms."

The right of collective bargaining

long recognized by the department of

labor, Secretary Wilson declares, has

been more widely established by rea-

son of the war. He adds that "if the

principle upon which that agreement

was founded can endure the stress of

war, it is fair to suppose that even

greater success will attend their appli-

cation during the calmer periods of

peace."

To solve the labor problems arising

from reconstruction, Mr. Wilson rec-

ommends the continuation of the labor

adjustment agency of the National War

by provision for roads, schools and

markets, under the general supervision

of the federal government.

Arrangements have been completed

through this agency, the report says,

in which certain principles have been

placed above further dispute.

Agricultural areas should be pur-

chased by the federal government and

added to the public domain to pro-

vide land for the carrying out of the

proposed colonization program for re-

turned members of the military forces,

the report asserts. It is proposed that

administration of the program be di-

rected by a board consisting of the

heads of the agriculture, interior and

labor departments.

Legislation needed to carry out the

plan, Secretary Wilson believes, should

include these provisions:

The possibility of commercialized

speculation must be eliminated.

Colonists must be given access, not

only to land, but to farms; not to the

bare soil, but to fully equipped agri-

cultural plants ready to operate.

The terms themselves must be well-

adjusted to the needs of the colonists

and their places in our complex industrial

organization. It is too early at pres-

ent to forecast accurately the indus-

trial organization or needs of our na-

tion after the war. All the properly

adapted facilities of the department

of labor are at present engaged in the

study of those problems of reconstruc-

tion peculiar to manufacturing and

secondary industry; and from time to

time I shall have recommendations and

conclusions to present based upon

such studies."

The report reviews the expansion of

the department of labor from an or-

ganization of four bureaus to one of

thirteen bureaus and two boards, in

response to demands arising out of the

war. During the fiscal year, which the

report covers, mediation and concilia-

tion division handled cases involving

1,012,511 workmen directly and 1,515,-

657 indirectly.

The employment service recruited

carrying industries during the year

1,800,593 workmen.

The bureau of naturalization admit-

ted to citizenship during the year a total of 151,419 persons, a decrease un-

der 1917 of 7,811.

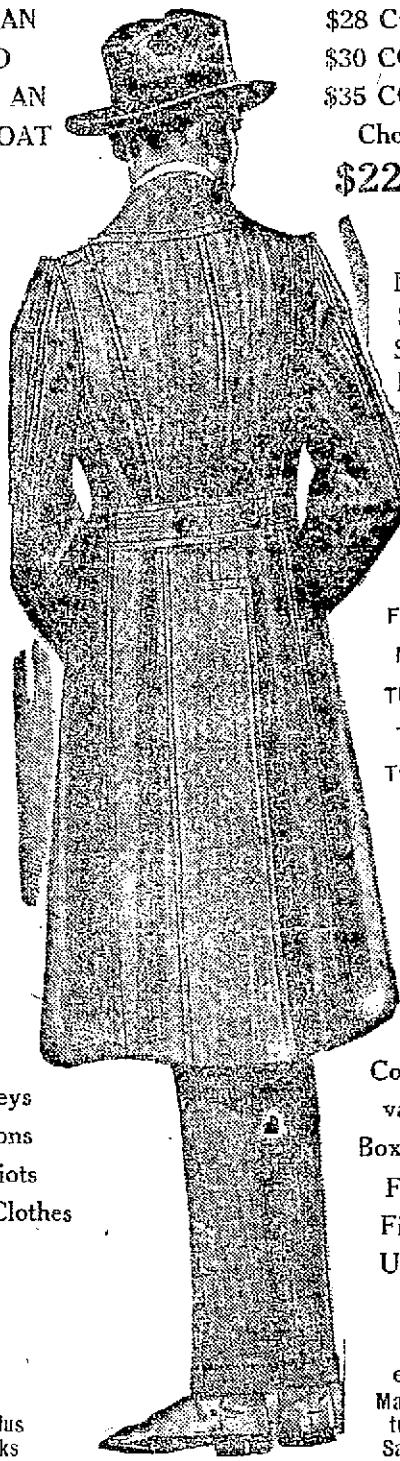
Only 2 Saturdays Before Christmas

If you must shop on Saturday shop on Saturday of the present week if possible. You know what always happens on the last Saturday before Christmas. The stores are crowded. Salespeople are rushed. Customers are hurried. There's a big waste of time and energy in the confusion that follows. Yet there are many who cannot do their shopping until the last Saturday before Christmas and all who can do so should make way for the big final rush by selecting their holiday purchases at once and as early in the day as possible.

CHALIFOUX VALUES are now bigger, better and stronger than ever before. Because at this time, when you must buy Christmas presents, we still stick to our policy of a very small profit, 10 to 15 per cent less than the average store asks. Everything at low prices.

OVERCOATS

NO MAN WHO NEEDS AN OVERCOAT Should Turn His Back to This Offer



BLACK
BLUE
BROWN
GREEN

Kerseys
Meltons
Cheviots
Great Clothes

Surplus Stocks

Conservative Box Coats
Form Fitters Ulster-ettes Manufacturer's Samples

UNDERMUSLIN GIFTS



You can hardly resist buying when you look at the dainty underclothes we are offering. Lovely undermuslins are things that every girl likes to have aplenty.

Crepe de Chine and Satin Gowns, some are perfectly plain, save a little hemstitching around the neck. Others are lace and ribbon trimmed. \$5, \$6, \$7.50

Crepe de Chine and Satin Chemise, V or square necks, ribbon trimmed and embroidered. \$1.98 to \$5.00

Silk Bloomers. \$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.98

Silk Pajamas, several different styles in pink and white, crepe de chine and satin. \$5 to \$9

BRASSIERES AND BANDEAUX IN THE CORSET SHOP

Make pretty and useful Christmas gifts. We have a complete assortment of dainty patterns in lace and Hamburg trimmings.

Bandeaux in silk and wash satin.

MEN'S BATH ROBES

New combination of coloring, in plain or corded edge, button up or convertible collars. Prices \$5 to \$12.50

CHALIFOUX QUALITY is now, as always, your absolute protection against the waste of any part of your Christmas money. Your friends and loved ones like to have their gifts come from Chalifoux's—the store for particular people.

CHALIFOUX STOCKS are now the largest in our history. Varieties are the greatest in our career. You'll have no trouble in deciding what you want to give for Christmas from our immense stocks and varieties of a thousand and one things.



LITTLE GRAY SHOPS FOR CHILDREN OFFER

Knit Tams with tassel, the new open and coral with white. Also plain colors for the grown up girls. \$2.25
Tams for little girls. The kind that pulls down well over the ears. Keeps you warm and snug. Colors are open, rose, and white. Sizes 1 to 6 years \$1.75
Knit Toques. "Fit snug" style with tiny ear caps, white with pink and blue rosettes and ribbon ties \$1.75
White Crochet Bonnets, double border, edged with pink or blue silk, ribbon ties \$1.59
White Knit Bonnets with knit lining, contrasting colors, rose, blue, trimmed, ribbon ties \$1.25
Thimble Mittens, well made and warm. White only 59c
Heavy Knit Mittens, in white, gray, and blue. Sizes 1, 2, 3, 69c
Infants' Beacon Bath Robes with Mother Goose figures, pink with white, also blue cord and tassel trimmed and pockets. Sizes 1 to 6 years \$1.98
Infants' White Chinchilla Coats for little tots of one to three years. Some are fur trimmed with yoke in back, also button trimmed, full flary models, warm and comfortable. \$7.98 and \$8.90
Children's Four Piece Sets, Sweater, Leggings Cap and Mittens of Australian wool. Colors are khaki, rose and open. Two to six years \$7.98

"OH! WHAT A WONDERFUL CHRISTMAS GIFT!"

WHY DIDN'T I THINK OF IT BEFORE?"

That's what a lot of folks will say when they read this. The wonderful gift is a new December

VICTOR RECORDS

Thousands of people today own Talking Machines. A new record is always welcome. In giving one of the new December selections you are almost sure to present something entirely different from any other gift received. And think of the years and years of pleasure \$5 to \$3

CHALIFOUX JEWELRY—Inexpensive But Worthy

Silver Bar Pins, assorted patterns \$1.75
Gold Filled Neck Chain \$1.25
Cameo Pins \$1.50
Children's Bracelets, in a variety of patterns. 59c up to \$5.00
Comb Sets, in gray shell and amber \$1.50
A Variety of Brooch Pins, complete in box 29c
Pendants and Chain 59c
Hat Pins, complete in box 29c and 59c
Lingerie Clasps, silver and gold filled, complete in box 29c
Black Cameo Pins, complete in box 59c

Just a Fraction of the Gifts in LEATHER GOODS

Fall Folds and Pass Cases, from 25c up
Writing Tablets \$1.75 up
Jewel Cases \$2.98
Leather Travelling Cases, \$3.00 up
Children's Fancy Hand Bags, 50c and 59c

Combination Skirt and Coat Hanger, in leather cases, 59c

Cigar Cases \$2.00

Tobacco Pouches 75c

Medium Size Morocco Leather Hand Bags \$2.75

Receipt Books 75c up

Lowell Thrift Club

Checks ON MIDDLESEX TRUST CO.

ACCEPTED AT CHALIFOUX'S

One Week Nearer Christmas and NO Advance in Prices on

MEN'S FURNISHINGS

MEN'S UNDERWEAR

WOMEN'S KNITTED UNDERWEAR

CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR

WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S GLOVES

WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S HOSIERY

BOYS' FURNISHINGS

This store will not advance prices unless we have to pay more for the goods ourselves. And we will reduce prices if we pay less. We will buy and sell at the lowest possible prices. We will demand reliable quality and ask our customers to take nothing else.

WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S HOSIERY

Women's Onyx Silk Hose, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00

Women's Onyx Fibre Silk Hose, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00

Women's Fibre Silk Hose, 69c and 75c

Women's Cashmere Hose, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50

Women's Wool Hose, 75c

Women's Fleecy Lined Hose, 50c

Women's Silk Lisle Hose, 50c

Men's Four-in-Hand Neckwear, 69c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25

Men's Silk Half Tie, 69c, 75c, \$1.25 and \$2.00

Men's Silk Lisle Half Hose, 75c, \$1.25, \$1.75 and \$2.25

Men's Cashmere Half Hose, 75c, \$1.25, \$1.75 and \$2.25

Men's Wool Half Hose, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50

Men's Silk Half Hose, 30c and 50c

Men's Suspender, 30c and 50c

Men's Arm Bands, 25c and 50c

Men's Leather Belts, 50c and \$1.00

Men's Shaker Knit Sweaters, \$8.00 to \$13.00

MEN'S FURNISHINGS

Men's Silk Shirts (100% silk), \$6.00, \$7.00 and \$9.00

Men's Fibre Silk Shirts, \$5.00

Men's Silk Union Shirts with matched back, \$8.50

Men's Negligee Shirts, \$8.75, \$10.00 and \$12.50

Men's Negligee Shirts, \$8.75, \$10.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

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IN EVERY MANUFACTURING CITY

The newspaper with the largest circulation is always an evening paper. Why is this so? Because the masses in such a community have no opportunity to read in the morning. Neither do they have time to read during the day. They read when evening comes, they do not want a morning paper in the evening, and when evening comes, they do not want a morning paper containing the news of yesterday. They prefer an evening paper with the news of

TODAY

Advertisers who want to reach the masses, the toilers who earn their money in Lowell and spend it in Lowell, should bear this fact in mind. The people who trade in Boston read morning papers. The people who trade in Lowell read evening papers, and the leader of all the local papers, is

THE SUN

Lowell's Greatest Newspaper

F FARMS FOR SOLDIERS

Secretary Lane of the Department of the Interior, is steadily pushing his scheme for providing farms on which soldiers can settle with advantage on their return from the war or, it may be, a few years later. It is proposed to develop large tracts of land now awaiting irrigation or clearance, to fit it for cultivation.

It appears that there are vast tracts of such land awaiting development through this country and the present is a good time to undertake the enterprise of making it productive or arable. The federal government must direct the work and cut up the land into tracts suitable for farming purposes. It must go farther and establish and equip individual farms to be linked into communities which must have their roads, their schools, their churches, their stores, their industries and all the other conveniences of community life.

Legislation will be needed and will undoubtedly be forthcoming to give effect to the plans already outlined and very generally approved. Among other considerations, it will be necessary to eliminate all the possibilities of graft or speculation.

Besides, there must be no attempt to have soldiers settle on rough land with the hope of making it fertile by their long continued toil. The soldier colonists must be given something better than bare soil. What they want is farms of rich land equipped and ready to operate. Nothing less will have any attraction for them; and this they must get at a moderate price on easy terms of payment. For some years, it will be necessary for the federal government to keep control of these soldier colonies in order that they may be properly developed in every respect.

It is plain that the proposed plan of colonization must be pushed with the same rapidity with which were the operations of war, if they are to be ready in time for the homecoming soldiers. This vast scheme of irrigation and wresting, as estimated, 500,000,000 acres of land from the wilds of Nature and making it suitable for cultivation, cannot be accomplished in a few months. At best it cannot be started before spring; and it is doubtful if many soldiers can be accommodated with farms in less than another year.

It is not improbable that the states will take an active part in this work. They will undoubtedly be required to donate the land, while the federal government will do the work and furnish the financial backing.

Canada, England, Australia and other English speaking nations have already started movements for soldier settlements and have appropriated, in some cases, large amounts of money for the purpose. Recently, a bill was introduced in the British parliament authorizing the purchase of 80,000 acres of land to be divided up into farms for soldiers and sailors. In addition, large tracts of land have been offered to the government to be leased to soldiers at a nominal rent. All this merely goes to show the national gratitude to the men who risked their lives in making it possible that the rest of the people might be permitted to live in their own country free from oppression by a despotic foreign power.

In England, the Departmental Committee in charge of this matter has asked for an appropriation of \$10,000,000, a very moderate sum considering the great need of such a movement in Britain, where the number of returning soldiers is vastly greater than in this country.

It must be remembered also that in Great Britain, there is very little

winding the new legislature of the less-far-maintained between Washington and New York during the month of November. The postal authorities say it was made "with clocklike regularity." There was only a six hour delay on Nov. 18 to record for the month of flying days. There is delay enough in this over-the-rails mail service. We'd better pay a little more and send our letters by airpost. It seems dependable.

It is a matter of relieving the mills and other factories of the Merrimack valley from total dependence upon what Congressman Rogers has well designated a broken down system of railroads. The advantages of having navigable connection with the ocean cannot be over-estimated. In the transportation of coal alone, not to mention the various lines of raw material for our mills, this improvement would be an asset of incalculable value. That is why it should be boasted as it has been by every city in the Merrimack valley.

Not making the Merrimack river navigable would be a vast benefit to the entire state. Along the banks of this river are operated the greatest textile factories of the world. It is of supreme importance that these industries hold their supremacy rather than that it should be transferred to the south, which is making great strides in the textile business. Only the foresight of the state in providing improved facilities for their operation, can make the prosperity of our factories secure. Cheaper freights, cheaper coal and cheaper raw material count for much with mills that are in competition with rivals located close to the cotton belt, the coal mines and an unlimited supply of cheap labor.

It seems that William Bayard Hale's full title has not been published or breezed about much until recently. Correctly introducing him, say at a meeting of German sympathizers, you'd of course give him his title. He's a reverend. Used to preach down in Middleboro. While he was acting as a reporter for Hearst in Europe—and getting very much scooped by Karl von Wiegand at which Hearst protested to Bernstorff—Rev. Hale pulled down a thrifty thing by working for the German emperor and was sent to get Romania to paint herself yellow, which Romania did not do. Hale thus worked for two masters, profitably for neither, but very profitably for the Hale family. Can he now, with all the gall the story of his transactions shows he has, warn both Hearst and Count Hohenlohe that a master sharing the labors of a worker with another master, cannot get good results?

It seems that horse meat is a necessity and considered a delicacy in many parts of Europe. Those countries need draught horses very badly and American farmers have been exhausted, within a short time, to get busy and raise all the horses they can. Moreover, these European countries assure our horse dealers that horses now in a condition where they are fit only for food, can profitably be exported to Europe. Now comes the question, have you for instance, no more regard for the faithful service of your old Dobbin than to bid him bon voyage to Europe to be eaten perhaps by the Huns?

If any of us is inclined to become hysterical because we think the demobilization of troops will have a tendency to glut the labor market, it is time we should avail ourselves of the information so freely accessible. We can learn that in the four years prior to the start of the great war, the United States annually absorbed and found work for three million immigrants. It is believed that at the present time, we have nearly two million less workers here than would have been the case if the tide of immigration had not been stopped by the war. Only a half million have reached here in the last four years. Jobs? Yes indeed, jobs enough for everyone.

It is to smile when one reads the record of the airmail service, sun-

stering the project as generalissimo, it is doubtful if the war could have been ended as it was. America would welcome most heartily these two eminent personages, whose names are destined to have all the immortality that history can confer.

THE RIVER PROJECT

The Sun has strongly advocated the project of making the Merrimack river navigable for many years, even when there was little encouragement to hope that anything would be done in the matter. Before the war broke out, the stage was set for going through with this improvement; but as a result of the war, the whole matter was temporarily postponed. The bill providing for an appropriation of \$1,000,000 by the state, on condition that the federal government would provide an equal amount, was vetoed by Governor McCall so that the ground will have to be gone all over again.

In view of the lessons we have learned during the war in relation to transportation facilities and the advantage of cheaper freight rates,

it is to be hoped that the new legislature of the less-far-maintained between Washington and New York during the month of November. The postal authorities say it was made "with clocklike regularity."

There was only a six hour delay on Nov. 18 to record for the month of flying days. There is delay enough in this over-the-rails mail service. We'd better pay a little more and send our letters by airpost. It seems dependable.

We do not wonder that the inhabitants of Coblenz and all the other German cities said they felt safer as soon as they knew American troops had arrived and occupied the barracks the once imperial troops had vacated. It was just a something in the air, invisible but of good voice, that told these people decency had arrived.

THE MAN ABOUT TOWN

"No more war pictures," said Manager Averitt of the Owl theatre to me as I walked in an arm chair player yesterday. "No more war pictures for the Owl." I was interested to get his point of view. "The war is over," he said, "we have new and pressing problems of the post war period. Let's away with this blood and thunder and gloomy stuff contained in the war pictures. My playhouse hasn't shown but one war picture, strictly speaking, and that was 'Pershing's Crusaders,' officially distributed by Mr. George Creel for the government. It was a fine picture. I wish every school child could have seen it. If they couldn't all have gone to the motion picture theaters to see it, it was too bad they couldn't have seen it in their schools. I'm against the showing of war themed pictures now that the war is ended. I say let's have all the good cheer, happiness and lively themed pictures possible of the nation's life and whatever pictures in fact that will make us forget the war. Perhaps we will have to conquer troubles enough in the future so we shall not have time to review war troubles in the past."

It is gratifying to see what a spirit of optimism connects itself with this newly launched plan to have a municipal auditorium for Lowell. The board of trade in launching this project and taking the position of standing back of it and seeing that the idea is successfully put over, got itself noticed in the minds of all Lowell people and if the board of trade, aided by other equally good agencies, can accomplish the building of this badly needed structure, it certainly will be a worth while performance. I expressed doubt to a business man yesterday as to whether the community could and would raise the enormous sum necessary to put up a building of this character at this time, asserting that perhaps it would take a half million dollars. "Lowell can do it," he answered, and I left him with an unshaken faith that it could and would be done.

"What's in a name?" said Shakespeare, and as fine and earnest a group

DEATHS

FOLEY—Sister Mary Nativity, who was known in the world as Miss Catherine J. Foley, died Tuesday at South End, aged 26 years. Her death came after a long illness, following an attack of influenza. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Foley of 91 Congress street, this city, and before entering her religious life was a well known young resident of the Sacred Heart parish where she studied many months of Latin till death over her death. Sister Mary Nativity received her early education in the Suster school and entered upon her religious duties about seven years ago. After a pilgrimage to Europe, followed by a year completed in study in South Bend, where she was assigned as a teacher in St. Mary's school there. She was popular with her pupils and highly esteemed by her superiors. She showed marked ability as a teacher and her health, both mental and physical, was mourned by all with whom she came in contact. Besides her parents she leaves five brothers, John J., William E., George H., James J. and Frederick T. Foley; two sisters, the Misses Mac and Margaret; all of this city. Her body will be brought to Lowell for burial by Undertakers O'Connell & Pay.

PEABODY—The news of the death of Mrs. Ella M. Peabody, which took place at her home, 169 Pleasant street, braeck last night, will be received with deep regret by the people of this community to whom she had deeply endeared herself by her cheerful and helpful course of living. Her illness dated back to the time of the death of her husband, Capt. W. H. Peabody, naturalized citizen. Her noble devotion to her home was an example, motherly kind, that made it a sanctuary of happiness for the members of her household and also for her many friends and acquaintances. Her age 62 years. She was active in the affairs of the Dracut City Congregational church, as well as identifying herself with many works of a charitable nature, being especially interested in the welfare of the Lowell Day nursery. In the example of her life she gave up all the time of her life to the benefit of her family and energies. It is her wish that her remains be buried in St. Patrick's cemetery. Her son, Rev. Daniel J. Peabody, was also a member of the Meth. Church Chapter. D.A.R. In whose affairs she was an active and earnest worker. She was also a member of the Board of trustees of the Dracut public library to which she was elected for many consecutive terms. The greatest sympathy of the numerous friends is felt for the members of the family in the loss they have sustained. She leaves a daughter, Edna M.; a son, Henry W. and Frederick L. Peabody, the latter of Lowell; also several grandchildren.

BLISS—Miss Mary L. Bliss, a well known resident of this city, died yesterday at her home, 70 Nineteenth street, after a long illness. She is survived by a widow son, Gertrude Bliss and Mrs. S. J. Woods, and one brother, W. H. Bliss of Rockford, Ill. Miss Bliss was a member of the Kick Street Congregational church.

MILLER—Died in this city, Dec. 12, 1918, at the home of his parents, McDonald and Anna Miller, 381 Bridge street, Robert A. Miller, aged 4 years 20 days.

Cadum Ointment

Brings nights of peaceful rest to people who have suffered agonies from skin troubles. It stops the itching at once and is very soothing and healing wherever the skin is irritated or inflamed. Much suffering from skin troubles may be avoided by the timely use of this wonderful remedy. Cadum Ointment is good for eczema, pimples, blotches, chafings, piles, rash, scabs, ringworm, cuts, sores, burns, insect bites, etc.

Break a Cold In Few Hours

First dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" relieves the cold and grippe misery—Don't stay stuffed up!

Relief comes instantly. A dose taken every two hours until three doses are taken will and grippe misery and break up a severe cold either in the head, chest, body or limbs.

It promptly opens clogged-up nostrils and air passages in the head, stops nasty discharge or nose running, relieves such headache, dullness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing,

soreness and stiffness.

Don't stay stuffed up! Quit blowing and sniffing! Ease your throbbing head! Nothing else in the world gives such prompt relief as "Pape's Cold Compound," which costs only a few cents at any drug store. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, causes no inconveniences, be sure you get the genuine—Adv.

The DIET During and After INFLUENZA

Hordlick's Malted Milk

Very Nutritious, Digestible

The REAL Food-Drink, instantly prepared, Made by the ORIGINAL Hordlick process and from carefully selected materials.

Used successfully over 1/4 century, Endorsed by physicians everywhere.

Specify Hordlick's The Original Others Are Imitations

WINTER IS HERE

Are you keeping warm? If not, why not?

Juniata Smokeless Coal

gives you good heat at a lower cost than hard coal. Why not put in a ton or two? No restrictions.

Immediate delivery.

Lajoie Coal Comp'y

Tel. 637. Tel. 2725.

DOCTORS URGE PEOPLE TO USE MORE IRON AND PHOSPHATES**They Come Out Strong For Phosphated Iron**

VARNUM—The funeral services of Percy E. Varnum took place at his home, 364 Varnum ave., yesterday afternoon. Rev. Chapman J. Hawkins, D.D., pastor of First Congregational church officiated. The bearers were Messrs. J. Harvey Gamble, H. Hutchins Parker, Ernest D. Schreiber, and Harold D. MacDonald, representing William North Lodge A.F. & A.M. Burial was in the Edson cemetery.

BALLET—The funeral of Matthew Ballet took place yesterday afternoon from his home, 26 Stanley street. Services were conducted at the home by Rev. Arthur W. Shaw, assistant rector of the First Congregational church. Burial took place in the Edson cemetery, where the committal prayers were said by the grave by Mr. Shaw. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers Higgins Bros.

BOWDEN—The funeral of Valentine M. Bowden took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the home of her parents, George E. and Mary E. (Costello) Bowden, 103 Church street. Bearers were James H. Hines, Ernest C. Baxter, E. Barker, F. McGuire and J. McLean. There were many beautiful floral offerings. Burial took place in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

BERNARD—The funeral of Antoine Bernard took place this morning from the funeral parlor of Gurney & Amodeo Archambault & Sons in Merrimack street. High mass of requiem was celebrated at Notre Dame de Lourdes' church at o'clock by Rev. J. B. A. Barrette, O.M.I. The bearers were Pierre Archambault, Patrick Bragues, Frank Archambault and Frank McEachern. Burial was in St. Joseph's cemetery.

OKERKE—The funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth Kooke took place this morning from her late home, 323 Lawrence street, at 8 o'clock and was largely attended by many sorrowing relatives. A solemn high funeral mass was celebrated at St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock a solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. Daniel J. Keleher as celebrant, Rev. Daniel J. Keleher as co-celebrant and Rev. Francis J. Shanahan as sub-deacon. Solemn mass were sustained by Miss Mary Ryenne and Mr. James E. Donnelly. The choir, under the direction of Mr. James Donnelly, sang the Gregorian chant. There was a profusion of hymn and spiritual bouquets. The casket was borne by the following bearers: Messrs. Edward J. Tracy, owner of Tracy's Garage, Frank Timmins and Thea Lawney, William and Leo Connors and George Mulcahy, all of this city, all grandchildren of the deceased. Burial was in the last lot in St. Patrick's cemetery where the interment rites of the church were read at the grave by Rev. Fr. Heffernan. Funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers O'Connell & Pay.

MEVEY—The funeral of Thomas McVehey took place this morning at 9 o'clock from his home, 45 Chapel street, and was largely attended by sorrowing relatives and friends. The cortège proceeded to St. Patrick's church, where at 9 o'clock a solemn high funeral mass was sung by Rev. Timothy O'Connell, assistant to Rev. James Murphy, a deacon and Rev. James Murphy as sub-deacon. The choir, under the direction of Mr. Michael J. Johnson.

FUNERAL NOTICES

BERNARD—Died Dec. 12th, at the Lowell Corporation hospital, Mrs. Vera Winters Bernard. Funeral services will be held at the home of her aunt Mrs. Fannie Pinault, 109 Pinault street, Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends are invited without further notice. Burial private. Friends who cannot attend the funeral services may call at the same any time after 1 o'clock Saturday. Friends will be present. Funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertakers George W. Healey. Auto cortège.

BLACK—The funeral of Mrs. Caroline Black was taken place Friday afternoon from the funeral parlor of Undertakers O'Connell & Pay, 585 Gurnam street, at 2:30 o'clock. Burial will be in the family lot in the Edson cemetery. Funeral arrangements in charge of Undertakers O'Connell & Pay.

FOYE—The funeral of James H. Foye will take place Friday morning at 9 o'clock from his home, 769 Westford street. A solemn high funeral mass will be said at St. Margaret's church at 10 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons. Motor cortège.

MCUGH—The funeral of Mrs. Mary McHugh will take place Friday morning from her late home, 10 South Whipple street. A solemn high funeral mass of requiem will be sung at the Sacred Heart church at 9 o'clock. Burial will take place in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

MURPHY—The funeral of Michael Murphy will take place tomorrow morning from the funeral parlors of C. H. Molley's Sons, Market street. Time to be announced later.

MASS NOTICE

There will be an anniversary high mass of requiem at the Immaculate Conception church on Saturday morning at 8 o'clock, Dec. 14, for the repose of the soul of Bridget Corey.

CARD OF THANKS

We the undersigned, wish to express our sincere thanks to those for their acts of kindness, offerings of floral tributes, spiritual bouquets and other acts of kindness served to lighten the burden of our sorrow in the death of our beloved mother. Such evidence of true friendship we will ever cherish in grateful remembrance.

MRS. GEORGE HOLMES,
MRS. THOMAS ROURKE,
JOHN P. KENNEDY.

SUM BREVITIES

Best printing: Tobin's, Associate bldg.
J. F. Donohoe, 223 Hildreth bldg.
real estate and insurance. Telephone:

A still alarm was sent in at 3:37 o'clock this morning for what was believed to be a fire in Gorham street near the Fair grounds, but when the firemen arrived there they found that sparks caused by sheet on the trolley wire were responsible for the alarm.

Francis Harvey Chase, of 1000 Central street, who signed up for special duty in the regular navy last August, reported at Boston on Dec. 9th and was immediately shipped to Newport, where he was induced into the service. Mr. Chase has a brother in the navy, who is now stationed at Bumpkin Island.

Prof. J. E. Blouin of Montreal, Que., author of music and a pianist of great ability, was recently the guest of his classmate at the Marcelline seminary, H. O. Girard of West Bowes street. Before coming to Lowell the visitor spent some time in New York and Philadelphia.

Several young ladies representing the coat department of the U. S. Cartridge company surprised Miss Mildred E. Kennedy last night, when they gave her a farewell party in Kitson hall. At the close of the evening they presented her a fountain pen, as a memento of the pleasant working days spent at the office. Miss Edith Chaddock was in general charge of the affair.

Closed Mondays at 6 P. M.

Open Friday Nights Till 9.30

The Store of the Christmas Spirit**TWO DAYS' SPECIAL SELLING**

BEGINNING AT 8.30 FRIDAY MORNING

MEN'S AND YOUTHS'**Overcoats**

AT

\$25.00

Chesterfields, Box Backs, Ulsterettes, single breasted, double breasted and staple styles, in black, blue, gray and many desirable mixtures—only 200 of them.

Friday Night Three Hour Cash Specials

From 6.30 to 9.30 Only

Men's \$35 Overcoats.....\$29.75

Men's \$35 Suits.....\$29.75

Men's Last Year's \$20 Suits, worth

\$30 today.....\$16.75

Men's \$8.00 Blue Serge Pants.....\$6.95

Men's \$6.00 Worsted Pants.....\$4.95

Men's Odd Ulsters in sizes 34, 36 and 38, \$8.75

Men's \$15 Rain Coats.....\$11.75

Men's \$4.00 Hats.....\$2.95

Men's \$2.00 Winter Caps.....\$1.65

Men's \$2.00 Umbrellas.....\$1.65

Men's \$2.00 Shirts.....\$1.65

Men's \$5c Neckwear.....\$5.65

Men's \$2.00 Flannel Shirts.....\$1.65

Men's \$1.50 Quality Work Shirts.....69¢

Men's \$3.00 Union Suits.....\$2.49

Men's \$2.25 Contocook B. Underwear \$1.75

Men's \$1.50 Wool Process Underwear, \$1.29

Men's \$1.50 Derby Ribbed Underwear.....95¢

Men's 50c Wool Stockings 35¢, 3 Pairs \$1.00

Men's 35c Cotton Stockings.....29¢

Men's 19c Cotton Stockings.....2 Pairs 25¢

Men's \$2.50 Flannel Pajamas.....\$1.95

Boys' \$18 Overcoats.....\$15.50

Boys' \$15 Suits.....\$12.75

Boys' \$6.00 Sweaters.....\$4.95

Boys' \$4.00 Sweaters.....\$2.95

Boys' \$1.50 Caps.....\$1.29

Boys' \$1.50 Pants.....\$95¢

Boys' \$1.50 Shirts.....\$95¢

Boys' \$1.00 Gloves.....\$79¢

Boys' \$1.00 Mittens.....\$79¢

Boys' 50c Neckwear.....\$39¢

Ladies' \$25 Odd Suits.....\$12.50

Ladies' \$25 Odd Coats.....\$14.75

Ladies' \$25 Serge Dresses.....\$19.75

Ladies' \$15 Rain Coats.....\$11.75

Ladies' \$18.50 Angora Sweaters.....\$14.75

Ladies' \$7.50 Silk Waists.....\$5.95

Ladies' \$2.49 Waists.....\$1.98

Ladies' \$2.00 Umbrellas.....\$1.59

Ladies' \$1.69 Bungalow Aprons.....\$1.39

FOR IMMEDIATE CLEARANCE

150 Men's Last Year's Overcoats at \$20.00

TWO DAYS

SPECIAL VALUES IN EQUIPMENT FOR BOYS AND MEN

Men's Shirts

\$1.50 Values

\$1.09

3 for \$3.00

With large shawl collar. The fabrics are wool and will resist wind, cold and moisture and withstand hard wear. Sizes 8 to 18 years.

Plenty of Others

CITY BOWLING LEAGUE IN GOOD FORM

The City Bowling league held forth on the Crescent alleys last evening, the Crescent Co. aggregation being sent down to defeat by the Crescent team by the narrow margin of 15 pins. The White Ways took the Highland Daylights in tow, winning one by 64 pins. The Crescents still maintain the lead, but are being hard pressed by the Highland team, which is now within a few games of the league leaders.

Following is the score, and the standing average of the teams to date:

CRESCENTS		WHITE WAYS		HIGHLAND DAYLIGHTS		
Jewett	95	87	93	277	231	
Concannon	94	103	118	315	253	
Donohoe	88	76	89	253	250	
Lebrun	102	107	95	287	250	
Schoenou	93	66	93	257	250	
Whipple	99	91	97	257	250	
Totals	454	468	488	1427	1422	
U. S. CANTRIDGE CO.		B. S. CANTRIDGE CO.		D. S. CANTRIDGE CO.		
Robinson	104	112	96	312	278	
Davenport	98	82	84	278	250	
Lebrun	102	98	87	287	250	
Schoenou	93	89	91	257	250	
Whipple	99	91	97	257	250	
Totals	452	460	469	1422	1422	
WHITE WAYS		HIGHLAND DAYLIGHTS		CRESCENTS		
Brightman	100	98	92	257	250	
Sweeney	98	118	102	257	250	
Griffin	94	119	124	257	250	
Dwyer	106	112	88	261	250	
Devlin	102	115	91	308	250	
Totals	514	565	493	1570	1506	
STANDING		WON LOST PINS		WON LOST PINS		
Crescents	13	2	5580	13	2	5580
Highland Daylights	19	6	6095	19	6	6095
U. S. Cantridge Co.	11	1	3140	11	1	3140
White Ways	4	12	4594	4	12	4594
AVERAGES		MARTEL 104.5 Kelley 103.5 Griffin 102.51 Concannon 106.9 McCormack 107.5 Lebrun 100.5 Eges 99.5 Jewett 99.8 Cole 99 Whipple 98.8 Dwyer 98.3 Houston 97.10 Devlin 97.6 Davenport 97.57 Sweeney 96.2 Kempson 95.5 Robinson 98 Schoenou 90. Donohoe 84.1		Martel 104.5 Kelley 103.5 Griffin 102.51 Concannon 106.9 McCormack 107.5 Lebrun 100.5 Eges 99.5 Jewett 99.8 Cole 99 Whipple 98.8 Dwyer 98.3 Houston 97.10 Devlin 97.6 Davenport 97.57 Sweeney 96.2 Kempson 95.5 Robinson 98 Schoenou 90. Donohoe 84.1		

MARRIAGE INTENTIONS

The following marriage intentions have been filed at the office of the city clerk since the last were published:

David J. Fallon, 173 School street, machinist; E. Grace Williamson, 71 Clare street, 25, at home; Bernie Scrof, 61 Howard, 24 tailor; Dr. Freeman, 61 Howard, 19, U. S. Cavalry Co.

John H. Gallagher, 56 Hanks, 24, soldier; 11th Co., 3rd Battalion; Isabelle S. Riley, 603 Rogers, 20, telephone operator.

John H. Moloney, Charlestown, 35.

laborer; Lucy Egan, 241 Fayette, 32, operative; Leroy N. Sweet, 47 Viola, 26, soldier; Britton utilities; Mary A. Corcoran, 746 Mounds, 23, at home.

Freedom of Seas Continued

no need to anticipate difficulty about an agreement as to what it means.

"Freedom of the seas in times of peace?" If so we agree. Wherever the British navy has been in position to exercise its influence and power on the seas in times of peace, it has exercised that influence impartially for the freedom of the seas for all nations without distinction. The United States, I think, has some rule forbidding foreign ships to carry goods between the United States and the Philippines. Some other countries have rules of the same kind. We never had a regulation like that. We have been more completely for the freedom of the seas in times of peace than any other nation.

However great our sea power has been, we have used it for imperial freedom of the seas for every other nation as much as ourselves, and I think we ought to receive a little more recognition than we do for the fact that we have never used British naval power in times of peace to make use of the seas easier for ourselves without simultaneously making it easier for others.

U. S. Brought Victory

"If the question is one of the free-

Set the Children A Good Example

Use SOZODONT yourself and teach them to use it to keep the teeth white and sound; the gums firm and the breath sweet and wholesome.

Are you doing your full duty to your child to avoid future tooth trouble? Procrastination is the thief of teeth—arrest it with

Sozodont
FOR THE TEETH
Liquid—Powder or Paste
SOLD BY DEALERS EVERYWHERE

of the seas in times of war, then I would say this: The United States, as we all most gratefully recognize, has taken part in the last two years of the war. Without the United States we could not have had such success as the allies have now won. I cannot emphasize too much nor express too much admiration of it. But since the United States entered the war, she has not only acquiesced, but, I believe, most strongly co-operated in carrying out the blockade of Germany. In the early stage of the war the blockade was not nearly so complete, because the United States raised many questions about it, but in the later years of the conflict, the blockade was made complete with the co-operation of the United States. Without that blockade, success could not have been won. Indeed, without the blockade, Germany might have won.

"Suppose this situation should exist again, and it is impossible to suppose that the United States would say that the blockade which was so essential for the success should not be allowed. That would stultify everything America did in this war. It would really be an insult to the United States to suggest that she would in the future advocate a course in a war such as this inconsistent with what she did in this war and that was the complete blockade of an offending nation, if this be so, we come to this, that probably what is in President Wilson's mind is that freedom of the seas should be secured to any nation observing the covenants of a League of Nations and should be denied to any nation breaking those covenants. If that is so, then a League of Nations is the solution to the whole question and cannot be discussed apart from it.

"On these grounds, I believe there may be complete agreement between the two countries only if a league of nations is formed. I do not see why this country should not accept the formula that if a league of nations is formed there is to be complete freedom of the seas so long as the covenants of the league are observed, but if the covenants are broken, then there is to be no freedom of the seas and every means are to be used against the power which has broken them."

Viscount Grey protested against the

proposal that she would in the future advocate a course in a war such as this inconsistent with what she did in this war and that was the complete blockade of an offending nation, if this be so, we come to this, that probably what is in President Wilson's mind is that freedom of the seas should be secured to any nation observing the covenants of a League of Nations and should be denied to any nation breaking those covenants. If that is so, then a League of Nations is the solution to the whole question and cannot be discussed apart from it.

"All we ask for the empire, is what we willingly concede to the United States—freedom of action."

election of a servile house of commons, saying that in such case there would be a drift toward dictatorship or Bolshevikism. While giving credit to the present government, he said that the people must be fair to the men who preceded the present cabinet in office and who made ultimate success possible. He praised Viscount Haldane, former lord high chancellor; Viscount Milner, secretary of state for war; Col. Winston Spencer Churchill, minister of munitions; Lord Kitchener, Premier Lloyd George and Walter Runciman, former financial secretary to the treasury and liberal member of parliament for Dewsbury. Viscount Grey said that even the success that these men had achieved would have been impossible without the support of former Premier H. H. Asquith.

Speaking on relations after the war between Great Britain and the United States, he said:

"If there is competition in the naval shipbuilding between Great Britain and America, it will be fatal to good relations. What is desirable in our naval policy, is not domination or supremacy but security. I do not believe conflict between America and Great Britain possible. We must not be jealous of any shipbuilding on the part of the United States."

Churchill's Plan

DUNDEE, Scotland, Wednesday, Dec. 12.—Col. Winston Spencer Churchill, minister of munitions, offered what he described as a practical suggestion in regard to a league of nations during an address here today. He said that such a league should ascertain from every country the extent of its naval, military and aerial preparations.

"Secret armaments have in the past been a great danger," he said, "and the course I suggest would remove one of the causes that led to this fearful catastrophe."

Britain's Attitude

LONDON, Dec. 12.—The British government has decided upon the attitude it will adopt at the peace conference regarding the freedom of the seas, according to the Daily Express today. The newspaper refers to the American naval program as set forth by Secretary Daniels and says:

"Official circles in London are completely satisfied with this and with the grateful tributes to the British navy by former President Roosevelt, and other Americans. The British government is ready to concede to the United States, the freest of all free hands in naval development and it welcomes the idea of the extension of American sea power as one of the best guarantees of the peace of the world and of real freedom of the sea."

"All we ask for the empire, is what we willingly concede to the United States—freedom of action."

In Holiday Attire

noon and the president landing at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

U. S. Fleet to Escort Wilson

LONDON, Dec. 12.—The United States fleet which is to form part of the escort of the George Washington into Brest, left Portland this morning. It was commanded by Vice Admiral Sims who was on board the battleship Wyoming. The fleet consisted of two battleship divisions under Admirals Rodman and Rogers and one destroyer division.

The fleet will be met at sea by 30 destroyers from Brest. The George Washington, carrying the president and his party, will be met at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning, 90 miles from Brest.

PRESIDENT WILSON TO ADDRESS

AMERICAN ARMY AT THE FRONT

PARIS, Dec. 11 (By A. P.)—The address which President Wilson will make to the American troops, probably as soon after his arrival in France as possible, is expected to be one of the most important during his stay in Europe, and is being looked forward to by Europeans, who hope to gain from this a more definite idea of the president's exact position regarding numerous vital points.

It is considered certain that the president will make this speech at the American front, but at what place has not yet been determined.

The president, it is announced, will visit devastated districts in France, and, although the present plans are tentative, all depending upon his personal wishes, the trip may take him into former German territory. Visits to Metz and Strasbourg are extremely probable.

Lowell Men on List

Continued

will be sent you when received."

Mrs. Salome believes her son who is now only 20 years old, may have made the great sacrifice and that she will not see him return home with the other boys. He enlisted in the regular army when he was only 16 years old and next June would have been four years in the regular army. He arrived in France in April, 1916. He was working in Lynn when he enlisted.

Private Anthanasios Kyriakopoulos

Dennis Sakellaris, 260 Market street, received word from the war department today that Private Anthanasios Kyriakopoulos, his cousin, who has been serving with the Infantry of the American Expeditionary Forces, was wounded in action, degree undetermined, on Oct. 6. The wounded soldier went to Camp Devens about a year ago and thence overseas. He has two cousins in this country.

Sgt. Alexander Grimaard

This morning's casualty list contained the name of Sgt. Alexander Grimaard of Co. K, 102d Infantry, reported severely wounded. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. Xavier Grimaard of 29 Howard street, received word of his injury several days ago in a telegram from the war department. He has been in France since September of last year and formerly worked at the Bitterica car shops. He is 22 years old.

Private William J. Savage

This evening's casualty list contains the name of Private William J. Savage of 10 Woodbury street, son of Mr. and Mrs. Victor Savage. He is a member of Co. M of the 101st regiment, formerly the old Ninth, and went overseas with that unit in September, 1917. He is reported wounded.

Private Joseph P. Shea

Private Joseph P. Shea of Co. F of the 16th Infantry was wounded two days before the armistice was signed,

Specials

Friday and Saturday

35c CRISCO 31¢

New Sage Cheese (Very Fancy) 13¢

13c Quaker Rolled Oats. 10¢

Extra Fine Sweet Cider 25c

BAKER'S COCOA... 21¢

Extra Fancy Grapefruit 18c

Pkg. Quaker Corn Meal 15¢

Selected Baldwin Apples 13c

CAMPBELL'S SOUPS 10¢

Florida Oranges Are Best Now

—Extra Special—

10 lbs. FANCY ONIONS... 35¢

These onions are the best that can be bought and will keep.

For Groceries Come to Munn's

32c CAN SALMON..... 27¢

New Pack and Best Quality

New Comb Honey

Citron, Lemon, Orange Peel, Boiled Cider, Currants, Raisins, Figs, Dates.

EDUCATOR CRACKERS

Chocolate Thins 50c

Chocolate Kreamfil

Chocolate Kreamox LB.

EDUCATOR TOASTERETTES

MUNN'S

15 Bridge St. Merrimack Sq.

TO ACT ON RAILROADS

Congress Expected to Consider McAdoo's Recommendation at Once

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Congress is expected to consider at once Director-General McAdoo's recommendation that the period of government control of railroads be extended to January 1, 1924. The question probably will be discussed first in the senate or house Interstate commerce committee to the chairman of which Mr. McAdoo sent his suggestion in a letter explaining the difficulty either of continuing federal management under existing authority or of turning the roads back to private control without legislation to permit some sort of unified direction.

The director-general's stand also precipitated discussion here today at a conference of business men and public representatives called by the chamber of commerce of the United States to consider all phases of transportation problems.

Special importance was given Mr. McAdoo's recommendation by statement that President Wilson concurred in the view.

SEC. LANE WANTS FARMS FOR EX-SOLDIERS

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—Development of acid, swamp and cut-over lands to provide farms for returning soldiers, and improvement of the public school system to provide for Americanization of foreign-born citizens, and the education of illiterate mountain white populations and negroes, are two big reconstruction problems. Secretary of the Interior Lane says in his annual report made public today, Schools, he added, should lay more emphasis on teaching trades.

Of immediate importance is the proposal that the government systematically go about the work of providing for soldiers on existing irrigation projects in the west. Later Secretary Lane suggested more extensive reclamation of waste land should be put under way, and small farms sold to soldiers by the government on long-term payment plan.

Mr. Lane outlined in detail his pro-

Famous Old Recipe for Cough Syrup

Easily and cheaply made at home, but it beats them all for quick results.

Thousands of housewives have found that they can save two-thirds of the money usually spent for cough preparations by using this well-known old recipe for making cough syrup at home. It is simple and cheap to make, but it really has no equal for prompt results. It takes right hold of a cough and gives immediate relief, usually stopping an ordinary cough in 24 hours or less.

Get 2½ ounces of Pinex from any druggist, pour it into a pint bottle, and add plain granulated sugar syrup to make a full pint. If you prefer, use clarified molasses, honey, or corn syrup, instead of sugar syrup. Either way, it tastes good, keeps perfectly, and lasts a family a long time.

It truly deserves this name, as it cures, penetrating through every air passage of the throat and lungs—loosens and raises the phlegm, soothes and heals the membranes, and gradually but surely the annoying throat tickle and directed cough disappear entirely. Nothing better for bronchitis, spasmodic cough, whooping cough or bronchial asthma.

Pinex is a special and highly concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract known the world over for its healing effect on the membranes.

Avoid disappointment by asking your druggist for "2½ ounces of Pinex" with full directions and don't accept anything else. Guaranteed to give absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

Posed methods of carrying out this program, which he characterized as part of the "looking ahead work" of the nation.

Referring to the returning soldiers, he said:

"Being American and being young, they will not ask or expect pensions. They will want work. They will want, if possible, a chance for a home of their own."

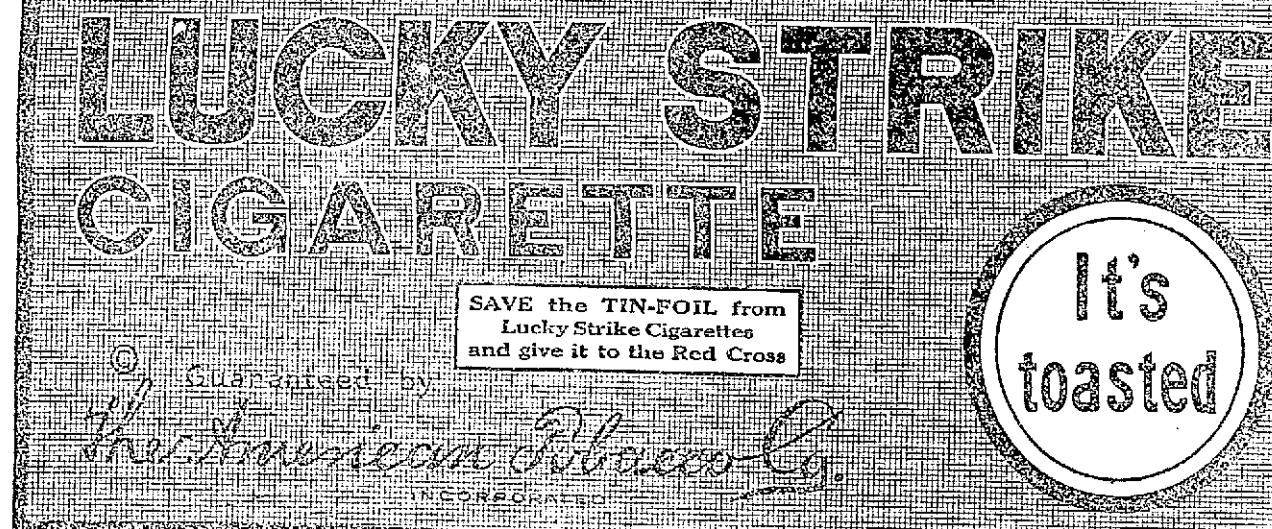
By systematic government development of idle lands, said Mr. Lane, there will be provided immediate jobs for these men, labor markets will be protected against possible collapse by being swamped with a surplus of labor, re-established industries will be supplied with an immediate demand for their products, the movement of population to cities will be checked, many "best proven Americans" will be attracted permanently to agricultural occupations, and great areas of land now plant miles of canal and tunnel, per-

Open your package

This way

Tear off only part of the top

Start the cigarettes out by pushing up with your thumb. Your Lucky Strike Cigarettes keep in better shape, and don't spill out. Don't forget this; it pays.



meat croquettes are deliciously savory when made this way with Mazola.

MAZOLA appeals to thousands of women as a cooking medium because it comes from an edible source, the heart of the golden American corn.

And because it is as pure, sweet and delicate as the daintiest foods cooked in it or served with it,

Mazola makes the most delicious fried foods, the lightest, flakiest pastries, the most savory salad dressings that you can imagine.

And it is remarkably economical—can be used again and again, until the last drop is gone. It never carries the flavor or odor of one food to another.

Get Mazola from your grocer, in pint, quart or gallon tins. Large sizes most economical.

Also ask for the Mazola Book of Recipes or write us direct—free on request.

MAZOLA

The Delicious Salad and Cooking Oil
Produced by the CORN PRODUCTS REFINING CO.
P.O. BOX 161 NEW YORK

Selling Representatives
AHERN & CAHOON, 131 State St., Boston, Mass.

CHESTER CLOTHES

Alarm clocks will sound the "ALARM."
Factory whistles will "WHISTLE."
Every man will be aroused to action,

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 13th

haps, thousands of acres to be cleared, inciting farms to these men, limit the size and leveled, fenced and broken. This and impose restrictions to prevent would mean years of work at good that being aggregated into great es-wages, work in the open under house-tates.

Turning to the question of east, Sec-tary to the soldiers of the trench, and secretary Lane said this would be "as at the end a piece of land on which much as we wish to spend—less than would be erected a house and barn, e—many a strike has cost this country."

farm home in a group of farm homes. Mr. Lane declared that in the United States there are more than 200,000,000 acres of waste land which can be made into farms.

Appropriations of only a few millions are needed to start, said the sec-tary. A bill for this purpose is pend-ing in congress, and President Wilson endorsed some legislation of the kind in his address at the opening of the present session.

The development need not be con-nected to state containing government land, said Mr. Long, citing cases of large tracts near eastern cities which would supply markets with farm prod-ucts.

There can be neither national unity in ideals or in purpose unless there is some common method of communica-tion through which may be conveyed the thought of the nation. All Amer-icans must be taught to read and write and think in one language; this is a primary condition to that growth which all nations expect of us and which we demand of ourselves."

The educational problem extends be-yond the state to the federal govern-ment, Mr. Lane said, adding that if the federal government would make the same kind of an offer to the states for the education of their illiterates that it makes for the construction of roads, "in five years there would be few, if any, who could not read and write in this country."

In concluding his report on the sub-ject of education, Mr. Lane said:

"I should like to see the day when every child learned a trade while at school, trained his mind and his hand together, lifted labor into art by the application of thought."

LENGTH OF WILSON'S "OFFICIAL" VISIT IN PARIS FIXED AT 48 HOURS

PARIS, Dec. 12.—The length of Presi-dent Wilson's "official" visit in Paris has been fixed at 48 hours, according to the Matin. The remainder of his stay here will not be marked by any state ceremony.

SCHOOL'S PART IN BIG JOB

Lowell Teachers Hear Interesting Addresses by Two Well Known Educators

Degradation of German Education Cause of World War, Said Dr. Lansing

Declaring that the degradation of German education was the cause of the world war and that our own system of education had a startlingly large number of points in common with that system, Dr. Isaac J. Lansing, the "lunch guy" of the National Security League, issued a solemn warning to members of the Lowell Teachers' organization in Memorial Hall yesterday afternoon that the utterly selfish and made-in-Germany theory of morality as taught in the German schools must be avoided in this country and that we in this country must have so high an idea of morality that we can never feel as dangerously puffed up as was Germany.

Dr. Lansing was one of the most thought-productive speakers heard in Lowell for some time and he plunged into the gigantic problem of reconstruction as it is to affect education with becoming caution and yet with an admirable courage founded on the basic nucleus of a dominant ideal. When he had finished, his listeners believed that he had helped them to get somewhere, had pointed out one definite goal and had not left them in an uncharted sea of doubt and difficulty as it is feared most speakers on reconstruction will be unable of doing.

The other speaker of the afternoon was Dr. E. A. Winship, editor of the Journal of Education. Dr. Winship proved a plausibly frank and practical talker and spoke not of the great spiritual benefits to be derived in the reconstruction era, although one couldn't believe that he in any way reflected on these, but rather confined himself to the very practical problem of how the school teacher is going to get more money for her work. He

maintained that "more cash and less gush" would be very acceptable in the coming years to members of the teaching profession.

Yesterday's session was really the first "lecture meeting" of the present season for the organization and also the first under the leadership of the new president, Miss Genevieve Lawrence. It was most successful in every respect and the reputation of the two speakers served to attract a large audience despite the unpleasant weather.

Henry H. Harris, principal of the Varnum school and captain of the team which is to canvass the schools in the coming Red Cross membership drive, presided at the meeting with an appeal for co-operation and support in the campaign.

Miss Lawrence then introduced Albert Edmund Brown who led the audience in singing "The Star Spangled Banner," "Carry Me Back to Old Virginia," "There's a Long, Long Trail," "Keep the Home Fires Burning," and "O God, Our Help In Ages Past."

Dr. E. A. Winship

Dr. E. A. Winship was first introduced and his address in part was as follows:

"I feel that everything I said prior to 15 months ago should be thrown in the junk heap and I have thrown it all there. War has modified everything, commerce, politics, religion and education. We've got to strike a new pace; schools and teachers are to be the great gainers by it. We'll have a new world in education."

"Democracy has an entirely new meaning now. It means public respect for the common people and the self-respect of the common people. Educational democracy means public respect for the schools and self-respect for the teachers."

"Up until July 30 of 1917 the finance of the world was on a quantitative money basis, but on Nov. 16 it went on a new credit system. That's where the teacher comes in. Your salaries are going to be raised and no power on earth can prevent it. They are trying to keep you on a quantitative basis while others go on the credit basis, but they are not going to do it."

"There can be no democracy but for education. Teaching is the most vital thing in Lowell, in Massachusetts, in the United States. Schools are vastly more important in Lowell than is the fire department. The fire department is trying to prevent the burning down of houses, blocks and cities. You are preventing a conflagration infinitely more serious to Lowell. If the city burns it is rebuilt; the insurance companies pay the cost. But no insurance company—not even Lloyds—has ever dared to insure a community against civic or social conflagration."

"The tragedy of this war is the fact

BETTER THAN CALOMEL

Thousands Have Discovered Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a Harmless Substitute.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—the substitute for calomel—are a mild but sure laxative, and their effect on the liver is almost instantaneous. They are the result of Dr. Edwards' determination not to treat liver and bowel complaints with calomel. His efforts to banish it brought out these little olive-colored tablets.

These pleasant little tablets do the good that calomel does, but have no bad after effects. They don't injure the teeth like strong liquids or calomel. They take hold of the trouble and quickly correct it. Why cure the liver at the expense of the teeth? Calomel sometimes plays havoc with the gums. So do strong liquids. It is best not to take calomel, but to let Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets take its place.

Most headaches, "dullness" and that lazy feeling come from constipation and a disordered liver. Take Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets when you feel "loggy" and "heavy." Note how they "clear" clouded brain and how they "perk up" the spirits. 10c and 25c a box. All druggists.

that teachers have not been appreciated. The commissioner of education has within the past few days issued a sweeping appeal for 50,000 teachers to take charge of one-room schools; 50,000 women, not one of whom will have a decent place to board; not one of whom will earn more than \$20 a year, and the commissioner of education has not secured one dollar to get better school-houses for those teachers. More cash and less gushing is what we want.

"Last year the government spent \$200,000 for places for people who tied up bundles and ran elevators, but not one nickel was coming for underpaid teachers, not one nickel for better school accommodations, and then they weep and wail because teachers are not teaching for love."

"The greatest need in our education is to have boards of education—you call them school committees here, provincially—understand that their business is to get all the money they can get for schools and teachers. That's written in the charter of Lowell and the constitution of Massachusetts. You can't find a line that says their business is to protect the impudent tax-payer."

"Remember, the Kaiser wasn't in it when it came to a fourth grade school teacher, for aristocracy and autocracy. We're the biggest bunch of aristocrats in the world. I want to say to you that what democracy means in education is going to shake the very foundations of teaching right here in Lowell. You are going to realize that the community does some educating and that we don't do it all."

Dr. Isaac J. Lansing

Dr. Lansing is a typical rapid-fire speaker, but every sentence he uttered conveyed a new thought and his address was most illuminating. In part it follows:

"This is an exceedingly critical hour in the history of the world. There are a great many horrid things in the world today. Three million German soldiers, none of whom has surrendered, whose mental characteristics are unchanged since before the armistice was signed, are ready again to do mischief. The people in Germany are waiting to reinstate the Kaiser. I doubt seriously that he has even abdicated. He won't commit suicide. Sixty million people do not die at once. We ought to be serious and courageous in this hour. Do you feel differently toward the Khaki, and blue than you did a few weeks ago?"

"This is the time to think what we are going to do to prevent another world catastrophe. I believe German education was so degraded that it caused the great war. Will the Lusitania become a memory? Will you one day forget to think of the pirates of the sea? Is sentiment to take the place of justice? Don't forget that there is no term in brute life that describes the German savagery; they were dehumanized, demoralized and evil in every way. Demand justice to the very last pound. Germany is just as diabolically bad as it was in 1914."

"The best school system in the world—as far as efficiency goes—is in Germany. Only one per cent of the people are illiterate. The contrasting great number in the United States was brought out by the draft. Their curriculum were most orderly and careful and their teachers were the best trained. There were 250,000 teachers doing their work for the last 40 or 50 years in Germany, always subservient to the state. Masculine teachers were in the majority. They were afraid to have women teachers. The last four years have told us why."

"Sometime the accusation is made that so many women teachers in this country are making the nation effeminate. When anybody says that ask them to think of Chateau-Thierry. By no means are there too many women teachers here."

"The German system of political philosophy as taught by its greatest political philosopher in the empire had the dominant theory that for the good of Prussia, Hohenzollern should dominate Germany and for the good of the world, Germany should dominate the world. Their theory of evolution had forced them into believing this supremacy. Their histories never spoke against war. They taught that there should be no humanity in war and no humanity outside the German empire. They reasoned that other peoples got their humanity and morality from the Christian religion, therefore, they got rid of it."

"We have been sending theological students to Germany to learn to be good and those were the kind of teachers they had. Our theory of morality is divine, benevolent; Germany's is utterly selfish, made-in-Germany."

"We must remember that the Germans taught patriotism and that they were fiercely patriotic in their way. They were taught high intelligence and obedience to law. They were taught everything that we teach in our schools and were taught as well if not better, than our pupils."

"The education of the future is to be one of the world's greatest events. We want to avoid the mistakes of Germany. We don't want teachers blind and methods made in Germany. We must have a better motive than they had. We must have such a high ideal that we never will be able to feel as Germany felt. It's not impossible that we are to be puffed up just as Germany was."

"What shall we look for in the way of education? The German mis-

CHRISTMAS SALE

Now going on; Every Coat, Suit, Dress, Skirt, reduced to wholesale prices and less.

FUR COATS FUR SETS

AT

Summer Prices

You can save from \$10 to \$25 on each purchase as we must reduce our stock before stock-taking. Come to the store with the smallest expenses and lowest prices in Lowell.

NOTICE!

We allow liberal discounts to out-of-town customers.

Lemkin's Cloak and Suit Store

228 Merrimack St., Opp. St. Anne's Church

take was in self-worship. We must make God the centre of our activities; not ourselves. The point of view from which we should teach should be altruistic. Let morality—doing right—be fundamental. Let us have a right that comes from God; from God come great principles, from great principles, constitutions. What is the great right? Then shall love thy neighbor as thyself.

"Has Germany done any kind, neighborly thing in the last four years? She has done nothing under the golden rule. From now on the manhood of America will be what you make it. Teach your children that the greatest thing in the world is affection and when intelligence becomes so sharp that it cuts out the heart, do away with it. Let us initiate an education that will forever blast such an education as brought on the great war."

NEWS OF THE DAY IN THE POLICE COURT

The case of William Davis, charged with larceny on Dec. 3 of several articles from the F. W. Woolworth Co. on Merrimack street, was called in police court this morning, the defendant entering a plea of not guilty. The total value of the articles named in the complaint was set at \$3.00, and included gum, shoe strings, shaving strops, candy, pencils, etc. Defendant stated that he had been

Carter's Little Liver Pills

will set you right over night.

Purely Vegetable

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Carter's Iron Pills

Will restore color to the faces of those who lack Iron in the blood, as most pale-faced people do.

Large stock always on hand. General Mill Supplies. Special machinery of all kinds.

Franklin Machine Company

Manufacturers of HARRIS-CORLISS ENGINES, Engine Repairs, Shaving, Hangers, Pulleys, Bearings, Couplings, Clutches.

Engineers—Founders—Machinists

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Union 1257

(Special to The Sun)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Governor

McCall yesterday visited the war de-

partment and took up the matter of

Gov. McCall Asks About

Retirement of Edwards,

Cole and Logan

(Special to The Sun)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Governor

McCall yesterday visited the war de-

partment and took up the matter of

It helps Nature restore the blood to its natural, healthy condition in its positive action, re-supplying what Nature fails to supply fast enough. Mail orders filled. 50¢ and \$1.00 the bottle.

Fred Howard's Drug Store, 199

Central St.; Lowell Pharmacy, 622

Merrimack St., and leading druggists

everywhere.

RECOMMENDED

"Neutrone Prescription 99"

Since the introduction of "Neutrone

Prescription 99" Rheumatic sufferers

no longer fear the changeable winter

weather. This new combination has

many rheumatic incurables on its

reduced list.

"Neutrone Prescription 99" is dif-

ferent from others in that it treats

rheumatism as a disease of the blood

and by its general action eliminating

rheumatic conditions. Its effect is

immediate as well as lasting without

any depressing after effects.

The whole system is benefitted—

stiff and inflamed joints disappear

where other remedies have failed.

It helps Nature restore the blood to

its natural, healthy condition in its

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Mail orders filled. 50¢ and \$1.00 the bottle.

RECOMMENDED

"Neutrone Prescription 99"

HIGH TREASON CHARGED LOCAL HEBREWS HOLD MASS MEETING

August Thyssen, Known as the "Iron King" of Germany, Is Arrested

GENEVA, Tuesday, Dec. 10.—The arrest on charges of high treason of August Thyssen, known as the "iron king" of Germany, and several other manufacturers of the Dusseldorf district, according to reports received here was due to the fact that at a meeting at Dortmund, Thyssen asked that an appeal be made to the allies to occupy all the industrial districts along the Rhine until order was restored in Germany.

DISCUSSION OF STREET RAILWAY AFFAIRS

A most interesting discussion of Bay State Street Railway Co. affairs was held at the meeting of town and city solicitors held at the American House, Boston, last evening, according to City Solicitor William D. Regan. One proposition advanced as a possible solution of the road's difficulties was the issuance of receiver's certificates to get sufficient money to carry the receiver over the present difficulties of the road. These certificates would supersede mortgages and bonds of the road and would be easily and readily marketable.

There was also a discussion in regard to community assistance for the road. The question came up as to whether it would be possible under present laws to file an involuntary petition in bankruptcy for the road. If so, the towns would have a better chance of being represented in the hearings being conducted in connection with the road's affairs because, according to law, creditors and trustees are entitled to representatives in court. At the present time, towns and cities where the Bay State operates have no such rights.

INFANT MORTALITY RATE

Lowell's infant mortality rate took a little drop during the week ending Dec. 7, according to figures received at the office of the board of health today. Lowell is in fourth place with a rate of 13.5. Boston leads with 11.6; Providence, 11.7; Syracuse, 12.7; Albany and Chicago, 12.5. Denver is low with 2.6, and the average rate is 8.3. New York's rate is 12.5, and Philadelphia's 12.3.

CHURCH CHOIR ENTERTAINED

Mr. and Mrs. Russell of 21 May street entertained the choir of the First Presbyterian church last evening. A very interesting program was in order and was thoroughly enjoyed. The first feature was the reading of several interesting letters received from former members of the choir now in France. Following this, a quartet composed of Douglas Thomas, Herbert Cowdell, James Chalmers and Douglass Burns rendered several selections. There was also a duet by Rosalie Weir and Esther Gray. Refreshments were served by the hostess.

SUNDAY SCHOOL SOCIAL

A social under the auspices of Mrs. W. A. Chase's Sunday school class was held last night at the Paige street church. Supper was served, and an entertainment program followed, consisting mostly of patriotic songs. A large number was present and an enjoyable evening was spent. Mrs. F. F. Dunn was in charge of the supper committee and Miss Edith Sanders assisted with the entertainment by singing several solos.

LOCAL HEBREWS HOLD MASS MEETING

More than 400 Hebrews were present at a mass meeting last night in the Hebrew Free school on Howard street, in protest against the atrocities committed against the Jews in Galicia and Poland. They adopted resolutions for forwarding to President Wilson at the peace conference in France.

The resolutions came following a stirring appeal by Philip Rakitin, the well known Jewish author and poet of New York City, who explained the significance of the British declaration in reference to Palestine as Jewish national home. He urged his audience to unite in demands for their ancient homeland and pointed out that every American Jew, living as they do in a free country, with free institutions, should be the first to demand freedom for their own people.

He denounced the atrocities recently committed in Galicia and Poland, when thousands of Jews were murdered and their homes pillaged, and expressed his conviction that the delegates at the peace conference, representing the conscience of the civilized world, would enter a mighty protest against those who are violating elementary laws of humanity in murdering defenseless people.

He asserted that the only valid protest would be for the Jews to build up their own home in the land of their ancestors. "The Zionist movement," he stated, "has great leaders, but the leaders in order to be effective must represent a united people. There are still Jews who think Zionism to be incompatible with American patriotism. The falsity of this view is proven by the fact that President Wilson himself expressed his sympathy with the movement and his satisfaction with the progress the movement was making throughout the United States."

Atty. Bennett Silverblatt, who presided, in a few remarks said: "The Jews must all be Zionists. Zionism is not a party. It is confined to the entire Jewish nation. Lowell must have men to stand behind and uphold man like Justice Brandeis, Nathan Strauss, and the other able men who are heading this movement. Lowell Jewry is fast realizing the importance of becoming Zionists, for their voices will be heard in the near future at the world's peace conference."

Among the other speakers who took part in the discussion were Dr. Eichler of Boston and Mr. Myers of that city. In the course of the evening it was brought out that of the British army which occupied Palestine, 10,000 were American Jewish citizens, who had enlisted for this expedition, and among these were five boys who hailed from the Spindletown.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

The members of Chevalier lodge, K. of P., and those of Highland Veritas lodge, L.O.O.F., conducted a successful joint social and entertainment in Highland hall last evening. The affair was largely attended and proved very enjoyable. A feature of the evening was a short address by Sen. O. E. White of the Canadian army, who told of his experiences in the trenches in France. There was community singing led by Mrs. M. A. Avery with Miss Edna Southam at the piano. Readings were given by Miss Gladys Hamilton and the evening's program was brought to a close with general singing.

Club Citoyens-Americains

The annual election of officers for Club Citoyens-Americains was held last evening at a meeting of the organization held in the quarters of the club in Middle street. The attendance was large and routine business was transacted. The result of the election was as follows: J. Z. Chouinard, president; Aldevert Gagnon, vice president; Arthur Lavale, treasurer; J. A. Robillard, secretary; Charles Grenier, sergeant-at-arms; Gustave Fortier, Narcisse Foucher and Michel Bourdon, directors. The installation will be held at the first meeting in January.

Court Merrimack, V. of A.

Chief Ranger Thomas F. Kelley presided over the regular meeting of Court Merrimack, V. of A., which was held last evening. Two applications for membership were resolved and routine business was transacted. It was voted to drap the charter for a period of 30 days as a token of respect for Bro. James H. Foye, who died yesterday, and the following delegation was appointed to attend the funeral, which will be held tomorrow: Daniel Redding, Patrick Regan, John J. Duffy, and Thomas C. Mooney. Interesting remarks were made by Daniel Redding. James A. Ready, Priv. Oscar St. Hilaire, James St. Hilaire and others and musical numbers were given under the direction of Bro. Ralph Courser.

Order of Moose

Plans for the grand class initiation to be held Dec. 29 by the Loyal Order of Moose were formulated at a regular meeting of the organization, which was held last evening in Odd Fellows hall, Middlesex street. The meeting, which was largely attended, was presided over by Dictator Edward Goodson. Remarks were made by Brothers Renaud, Morin, Hersome, Curtin and Richards.

Loyal Integrity Lodge

Four new members were elected, routine business was transacted and a luncheon was served at the regular meeting of Loyal Integrity Lodge, I.O.O.F., M.U., which was held Monday evening in Odd Fellows' hall. Officers were nominated and a very interesting address was delivered by P.C.S. Harold Wenzel, who spoke on the doings of the order during the past year.

Lady Franklin Council

The regular meeting of Rochambeau council, R.A., was held last evening in C.M.A.C. hall. Routine business was transacted and the election of officers was held with the following result: Alphonse Fortier, regent; Timothy J. Vigant, vice regent; J. M. G. Fortier, treasurer; David A. Parthenais, collector; A. A. Desrosiers, secretary; A. Patenaude, orator; Isidore A. Tetreault, chaplain; Arthur O. Montmarquet, guide; J. Deponthriand, warden; Eugene Savard, sentry; Joseph Albert Wolfred P. Cusse, Jr., trustees for one year; Raoul Bordeleau, representative to the grand section of the grand council of Massachusetts; A. Fortier, alternate. At the close of the business session a social hour was enjoyed during which refreshments were served and a musical program was given.

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WEAR MORE CLOTHES AND SAVE COAL

CHICAGO, Dec. 12.—It is our patriotic duty to put on more clothes, save coal and improve health," was the substance of an address before the public health administration section of the American Public Health association today by Dr. Jeanette F. Throckmorton of Clarion, Iowa.

"There are fashions not only in dress, but in trend of thought and morals," Dr. Throckmorton continued. "The impulse which moved our primitive ancestors to adopt dress were, first, vanity, next protection and lastly modesty. Of these, that of protection seems most often disregarded by the gentler sex. The custom of wearing summer clothing in winter is a permission, and the continual chilling of the skin causes congestion of the internal organs with attendant ills. "Erect carriage and gait are important qualities and are influenced by

Helping Solve Today's World Food Problem

UNCLE SAM has a big problem. It's a man-sized job to feed our own people, and, at the same time, ship within the next 12 months 20,000,000 tons of foodstuffs, and perhaps much more, to stave off starvation in Europe. True to form, he is grappling it with the same grim determination that marked his participation in the war

In solving this, one of our great national problems, Armour and Company, and similar large food purveying concerns, will play an important part. As Manager of the local Armour Branch House, I am glad to feel that I am one of an organization which is helping to carry through this great program—glad that we, here, can really aid.

Dur activities start at the sources of production, where we have conveniently located our plants. These serve to collect foods at their choicest where nature produces them best. They are prepared and then transported under refrigeration to where they are most needed, thereby equalizing the national food supply over both the country and the seasons so that nothing will be lost. This, in addition to the vast quantity saved for export.

But the functions of Armour and Company are not limited to collecting, preparing and distributing food products. Special bureaus, or departments, are maintained whose work is of a practical educational character. Soil studies, the breeding of better cattle, the selection of seeds, rotation of crops, and the

thousand and one problems that confront the producer are subjects of special research. Again, our Department of Food Economies is showing hundreds of thousands of housewives how to use foods most efficiently, without waste. From first step to last, Armour efficiency prevails.

All Armour meats are Government inspected.

The Armour Branch Houses are the arteries through which these foods reach consumers. Your local Branch House helps to supply this community with its food requirements in as efficient a manner as experience necessary capital, trained ability and modern facilities will permit. And, because all our four hundred Branch Houses are part of one great national organization, we are able to work together, thereby releasing a big volume of food for foreign use, as well as supplying our community needs.

Looking at it in this way, you will realize that you can order all the Armour foods you need and yet be sure you are not depriving others.

W. A. Kierstead, Mgr.
LOWELL, MASS.

TEL. 5790



ARMOUR AND COMPANY

**CARTRIDGE SHOP HELP
GET BACK PAY**

brought by the Stover & Bean Co. of this city, failed to appear in the superior court yesterday when his case was called and he was ordered defaulted. Frank J. Goldman of this city appeared for the plaintiff company.

PLAN TO CONVOCATE THE GERMAN REICHSTAG

BERLIN, Wednesday, Dec. 11.—(By the Associated Press)—The German cabinet, anticipating a refusal by the allies to deal with the present government and the soldiers' and workers' council, according to the Tagesschau of Berlin, is considering convoking the Reichstag to give the government a parliamentary basis.

The relishing session, the Tagesschau says, may be expected to begin next week.

If you want quick returns try a classified ad in The Sun. Lowell's greatest newspaper.

JUNIOR RED CROSS

AT

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

Friday, Dec. 13

**Afternoon—
Entertainment**

ADMISSION FREE

Evening—Dancing

ADMISSION 35¢

LOCAL LABOR UNIONS HOLD MEETINGS

A regular meeting of Mayflower Lodge, 738, I. A. of Machinists, was held last evening in Eagles' hall and was largely attended. A feature of the meeting was the election of officers, which resulted as follows: Walter Mathewson, president; Miss Alice Tweed, vice president; Miss Edna Brown, recording secretary; Miss Ethel Sleeper, financial secretary; Miss Catherine Moran, treasurer; Mrs. M. Whalen, Mrs. Etta Gordon and Mrs. Sprout, trustees; Mrs. Rachel Campbell, Miss Ethel Sleeper, Miss Alice Tweed, Mrs. M. Whalen, Miss Moille Gobin and Mrs. E. Brown, delegates to the Trades & Labor council; Mrs. Rachel Campbell, Miss Sleeper, Miss Tweed and Mrs. Whalen, delegates to the district council.

Carpenters' Union

President Faon Dionne presided over the regular meeting of Local 1610, Carpenters' union, which was held last evening. Routine business was transacted and at the close of the meeting a card tournament was held with the members of Local 43, the score being 64 to 502 in favor of Local 1610.

Steamfitters' Union

The members of the Steamfitters' union will hold their annual election of officers in the new quarters of the Trades and Labor council in Central street at the first meeting in January, so it was announced at a regular meeting of the organization held last evening. Routine business was transacted and the evening was brought to a close with a social hour under the direction of President Frank Mullin.

FAREWELL RECEPTION

Mr. Manuel E. Netto who is well known in the Portuguese colony and especially by business men on upper Merrimack street, was tendered a farewell reception by the boys and members of the Lisbon Social club last night. Mr. Netto received many costly presents from the members and some of his friends. Mr. Craft made the presentation speech, after which singing and piano selections were given by some of the members. J. Souza, the

Our First Holiday Announcement

Beginning this week, we shall resume our pre-war delivery of

FRIEND'S CELEBRATED MILK BREAD

Made in the Good Old Way

Order through your grocer. It may take a few days before we can get speeded up to normal delivery, but we shall make every effort to satisfy our trade at once.

FRIEND BROTHERS, INC.

REMOVAL

DR. N. O. PROVENCHER,
Dentist, from Room 3, Associate
Bldg., to 226 Merrimack Street,
Rooms 1 and 2.

GRIMM DEFECTED

William J. Newman of Boston, defendant in an action of contract

EAGLES' VICTORY NIGHT

The Fraternal Order of Eagles will conduct a social and victory night celebration at their rooms next Monday evening. An interesting program of entertainment will be carried out and a buffet luncheon served.

157 ENEMY SUBS SUNK PRIOR TO AUGUST

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—One hundred and fifty German and seven Austrian submarines were sunk in the war prior to August, Admiral Badger told the house naval committee today, quoting reports from Admiral Sims. He said the Germans had built 231 submarines and that the Austrian under-water fleet comprised only 35 craft, 19 of which were obsolete.

On Aug. 1 last, Admiral Badger said the Germans had 129 submarines operating in the Atlantic and 25 in the Mediterranean, while at the same time Austria had 18 in the Mediterranean.

BRIEF BUT IMPORTANT WIRE DISPATCHES

CONCORD, N. H., Dec. 12.—With 234 towns and wards completed, Senator George H. Moses, republican, had increased by to this noon, his plurality over John B. Jameson, democrat, in the New Hampshire United States senatorial recount.

CONCORD, N. H., Dec. 12.—The United States grand jury, in session here, has found 241 indictments against persons bringing liquors into the state in alleged violation of the Reed amendment to the Webb-Kenyon law. Of 100 persons already arraigned, three were women.

STOCKHOLM, Dec. 12.—Alexander Fedorovich Trepoff, former Russian premier, issued a denial today that he was taking part in the movement to form a new Russian government here.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Belgium's loans from the United States were increased today to \$212,230,000 by an additional credit of \$3,200,000. Credits now authorized for all the allies amount to \$8,223,544,702.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Outbreak of a violent epidemic of influenza with extremely high fatality rate was reported to the state department today from Guatemala.

PARIS, Dec. 12.—(Hayas)—Dr. Wellington Koo, Chinese minister to the United States, and a representative of his country to the peace conference has arrived at Bordeaux.

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 12.—The German imperial revenues for December it is reported from Berlin, have been paid to all the former royal persons remaining in Germany who are entitled to them.

MONTRÉAL, Dec. 12.—A majority of the members of the municipal police and water departments went on strike here today upon the city's refusal to grant an increase in salaries. The firemen, who joined in the demands, remained at their posts.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Marshal Peck has sent officers of the allied armies to Poland to investigate the pogroms reported to have taken place there recently.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Provost Marshal General Crowder has instructed draft boards to complete their work of classifying registrants from 18 to 36 years of age as quickly as possible and to classify none whose questionnaire is received after Dec. 21.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Dec. 12.—Lieut. Godoi, a Chilean aviator, flew across the Andes in an airplane today. He used a Bristol machine donated by the British government.

PARIS, Dec. 12.—The cabinet decided today that Saturday, the day of President Wilson's arrival in Paris, should be a public holiday.

BERNE, Dec. 12.—The Swiss government has invited President Wilson to visit Switzerland.

BUTTE, Mont., Dec. 12.—Fire which started last night on the 700-foot level of the Noreverwear mine of the Anaconda Copper Mining Co. was believed today to have spread to the Anaconda mine adjoining. John Gillie, manager, said that all men had been brought safely to the surface. Both mines will be closed several days.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Federal Reserve banks were authorized today by Secretary McAdoo to exchange War Savings and Thrift Stamps of the 1918 series for the new stamps of the 1919 series between January 1, and 10. This

AT LAST

We finally have received a shipment of AUTO-STROP RAZORS, the first since last spring, the government in the meantime using the entire output of this factory.

Only a portion of our order has been sent us and we are not assured of any more between this and Christmas. We now have a fine assortment selling at \$5.00, \$6.00, \$6.50 and \$7.50 and would advise early buying.

GILLETTE BLADES at regular prices.

Open all day today.

HOWARD The Druggist,
197 Central St.

BOUDOIR CAPS

In All Shades to Match Your Camisoles
From 59c to \$3.00

AT THE

LADIES' SPECIALTY SHOP

J. & L. BARTER,

STOCK MARKET

exchange will affect only banks, post offices and other agents for the stamps, and net individual holders.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 12.—Eduard L. Strauss, president of the National Association of Brass Manufacturers, died of influenza at his home last night. He was 57 years of age.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—The New York stock exchange has purchased the Mortimer building, adjoining the exchange. It is understood that the exchange intends to enlarge its quarters.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—Mrs. Isabelle Louise Fields, a captain in the city's police reserves, today was ordered to appear before a court martial tomorrow to answer charges of creating disorder recently at the offices of the New York Staats Zeitung, where dolls and toys, alleged by her to have been made in Germany, were being sold.

TWO NOTED RUSSIAN GENERAL SHOT

STOCKHOLM, Dec. 12.—Generals Baskki and Dimitriev of the Russian army have been shot by order of the local soviet at Prapazorsk, according to an official Ukrainian statement received here from Petrograd. M. Rukhieff, former minister of commerce and communications in the Russian cabinet, was shot at the same time.

EXTENSIVE RIOTS AT AUSSIG, BOHEMIA

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 12.—Extensive riots occurred in Aussig, Bohemia, according to a despatch from Prague, and machine guns and rifles were used against the mobs. Three persons were killed and five seriously injured and a great number wounded slightly. Troops also resorted to their arms in the neighboring village of Schoenwies.

Despite their efforts, the excesses continued far into the night.

REPUBLICANS ATTACK M'ADOO'S PROPOSAL

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Secretary McAdoo's proposal to keep the railroads in government control until 1924 met instant criticism from the republican side today when the senate convened. Senator Kellogg of Minnesota declared that a proposition for permanent government ownership of railroads was "at the bottom of the whole thing."

CHRISTMAS VICTORY CELEBRATIONS

The park commission's plans for a series of Christmas tree victory celebrations around a big spruce to be erected in front of city hall are progressing rapidly and everything points toward the affairs being most successful.

On the night before Christmas the entertainment part of the program will be in charge of Albert Edmund Brown. On the following Saturday evening Commissioner James E. Donnelly will bring a group of Camp Devens entertainers here to give a patriotic touch to the evening's victory celebration, and the New Year's eve entertainment will probably be under the direction of F. O. Blunt, director of singing in the public schools, although this has not yet been definitely decided.

On each evening the words of the songs to be sung will be thrown on a screen attached to the windows of the office of the street department on the second floor of city hall by means of a stereopticon. The slides are now being made.

DEATHS

MURPHY—Michael Murphy, aged 47, passed away last night at his home, 3 Tilley court, Tudor street. The body was removed to the rooms of C. H. Molloy's Sons, Market street.

LESSINGER—Robert, aged 6 years and 6 months, beloved son of George and Philomena Lessinger, died this afternoon at the home of his parents, 995 Moody street.

DISCHARGED SOLDIERS MAY WITH- DRAW PAYMENTS ON LIBERTY BONDS

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Fusiliers soldiers who do not wish to continue payments on Liberty bond subscriptions made through the army organization will have payments already made returned and the subscription will be cancelled. Army officers said today that although this arrangement had been made they did not expect any great number of subscriptions to be nullified in this way.

Less than \$50,000 of the army's \$500,000 subscriptions to the Fourth Liberty loan was subscribed by the plan of making monthly aliments from pay and the balance constituting back subscriptions which will not be affected.

ACCIDENT BOARD HEARINGS

The industrial accident board will conduct two hearings in the alternate chamber at city hall tomorrow morning under the workmen's compensation act.

At 10 o'clock a hearing will be held in the case of Stanislaw Polomski and the St. Paul-Lowell sheep. At 11 o'clock there will be a hearing in the case of Stavros Zervas and the Merrimack Mfg. Co.

An examination for the position of janitor in the employ of the city of Lowell will be held in the commonwealth chamber at 9 a. m. and at the same hour the weekly examination of chauffeurs will be held in one of the ante-rooms of the commonwealth chamber.

GILLETTE BLADES at regular prices.

Open all day today.

HOWARD The Druggist,
197 Central St.

LADIES' SPECIALTY SHOP

J. & L. BARTER,

133 Merrimack St.

PREPARED FOR WORST

With Return of Prussians to

Berlin, Premier Ebert
Takes Stiffer Attitude

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—Director-General McAdoo's recommendation that the government extend its operation of the railroads five years provoked scattered firing of shots at the operations of the railroads and porters, trans-continental, cotton carriers and eastern lines, reacted an average of one point. Industrial, coppers, motors and various specialties also yielded, but the entire field made irregular gains.

The strength of shipping and oils gained of 1 to 2 points, had little effect on the balance of the list, ledgers and insurance companies, grain and oil, holding to increased pressure.

U. S. Steel reflected the revival of bearish aggression though reacting only a point. It was generally believed that the latest phase in the railroad situation and the refusal of the railroads to fix maximum prices for steel and iron injected new elements of uncertainty.

Shipments became erratic during the noon hour, Marine pfd. losing most of its gain, but soon recovering. Investments and insurance railroads, railroads, further losses, with U. S. Steel and tobacco suffered 1 to 2½ point declines.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—Exchanges, \$617,170,364, balances, \$59,611,821.

Cotton Futures

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—Cotton futures opened steady, Dec. 27, 90¢; Jan. 25, 86¢; March 24, 85¢; May 23, 79¢; July 23, 75¢; September 22, 74¢; November 21, 73¢; January 19, 72¢; March 18, 71¢; May 17, 70¢; July 16, 69¢.

Money Market

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—Time loans strong, 6 bid.

Call money, easier; high, 6; low, 4½;

ruling rate, 8; closing bid, 4½; offered, 4½; last loan, 4½.

Bank acceptances, 4½.

Final prices on Liberty bonds today were: 3½, 97½; 3½, first convertible, 97½; 3½, second, 97½; 3½, third, 97½; 3½, fourth, 97½; 3½, fifth, 97½.

NEW YORK MARKET

High Low Close

Allis-Chal. 303 295 303 303

Am. Art. Suk. 63 62 63 63

Am. Can. 64 63 64 64

do of 64 63 64 64

*Am. Car & F. 88½ 88 88 88

*Am. Oil 107½ 107 107 107

Am. & L. P. 10½ 10 10 10

Am. Locom. 115 115 115 115

Am. Smelt. 84½ 84 84 84

do of 84½ 84 84 84

Am. Sug. 108 108 108 108

Am. Steel. 98½ 98 98 98

Am. Wool. 111 111 111 111

Andreae 69 68 69 69

Anglo-Am. 66 65 66 66

Anglo-Pac. 94½ 94 94 94

Arch. 94½ 94 94 94

Arm. Corp. 106½ 106 106 106

Arm. & L. P. 105½ 105 105 105

Arm. Steel. 105 105 105 105

Arm. & W. P. 105 105 105 105

TONIGHT'S BOUTS AT C.A. CALLED OFF

The bouts scheduled for tonight at the Crescent A.A. have been called off, when the main attraction could not go on as advertised.

AMERICANS WIN FOUR BOUTS IN LONDON

LONDON, Dec. 12.—An inter-allied boxing tournament, in which men from the British and American forces participated, was held here yesterday.

In the bantamweight class Jimmy Wilde, the British lightweight champion representing the British army, won from Joe Lynch of the American army.

Lynch hails from New York. In the lightweight class, J. Miller, British army, defeated A. B. Mitchell, United States navy, while in the welterweight class, A. Wilkinson, British army, won from Jake Abel, United States army.

Groves of the British army defeated Callender of the American navy on points in a flyweight contest. In another flyweight bout, Joe Porsival, British army, knocked out Sims of Canada in the second round.

In the light-heavyweight division, Harry Greb, American navy, beat Baker of South Africa, while Joe Beckett, British army, heavyweight, won from Joe Cox, American navy, the decision in both contests being awarded on points. Cox is a St. Louis boy, and Greb belongs in Pittsburgh.

Pal Moore, American navy, was awarded the decision on points over Patten, British navy, in a bantamweight bout.

Ed Shannon of the American army was defeated by lightweight Gammeter of the British Royal Air forces.

F. C. Laney of the American navy defeated Corp. Bingham of Canada, featherweight.

Eddie Coulon of the American army beat J. Davies of the British navy in the featherweight division.

C. Deane of the American navy beat Wilkinson of the British navy in the middleweight contest.

Phaherty, sent back and insisted that he would not stand for the substitution and upon receiving another message that it was impossible for Lahn to appear, he immediately called off the show.

Phaherty is greatly disappointed over the turn in events but he feels that the members will approve his action.

All other men were in town and in

JEWEL THEATRE

The Home of Sparkling Photo-Plays

TODAY

DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS
In "HEADIN' SOUTH"

5 Reels

"THE UNCHASTENED WOMAN"

5 Reels

BILLY WEST COMEDY
HOUDINI NO. 2
SCREEN MAGAZINE

LOWELL OPERA HOUSE

SUNDAY, DECEMBER 15th

Matinee at 2.30

Evening at 8.15

BENEFIT

(SOLDIERS FROM CAMP DEVENS)

"ALL STAR SOLDIER SHOW"

10—ACTS VAUDEVILLE—10

CAMP DEVENS QUARTET

MEL EASTMAN—BILLY NOONE
LAVALLE—DEMAN BROS.

EDDIE LYONS—LIPSKY AND OTHERS

JAMES "ROUNDY" ROANE SINGING LATEST BALLADS

74th REGIMENT ORCHESTRA

Seats Now on Sale at Box Office. Prices—25c, 50c

GRAND
ENTIRE CHARGE OF
PROGRAM TODAY

TODAY—
Biggest Film Production of the Year
Lafayette, We Come
(PERSHING—1917)
THE ROMANCE OF FRANCE AND AMERICA
Depicting Tenderness and Care Extended Our Boys by
French Mothers.—A Wonderful Picture Story
Inspired by Pershing's Immortal Speech
at Lafayette's Tomb.—SEE IT.

May Allison THE GIRL WITH THE
ENCHARTING SMILE, in
"The Testing of Mildred Value"
A Play of Suspense and Surprises.
Matt & Jeff Comedy—Latest Weekly

CONTINUOUS 3 PM TO 10 PM

LOWELL'S FAIR PERFORMANCE

MERRIMACK STATE THEATRE

THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY

LILA LEE

IN
"SUCH A LITTLE PIRATE"

A Charming New Star in a Charmingly Interesting Picture.

FRED STONE IN "THE GOAT"

Thrills and Action and Then Some!

CHAPLIN IN "EASY STREET"—BURTON HOLMES PICTURES

AT CRESCENT RINK
Marlboro vs. Lowell Friday Night

ROLLER SKATING
Saturday Afternoon and Evening

defeated Corp. Bingham of Canada, featherweight.

Eddie Coulon of the American army beat J. Davies of the British navy in the featherweight division.

C. Deane of the American navy beat Wilkinson of the British navy in the middleweight contest.

McGraw had a meeting with Pat Moran at the Lambs club last night. The meeting ostentatiously was for the purpose of bringing Moran to the Giants as coach, but after his successful career in Philadelphia, Moran is in line for a better position than coach.

Wheischmann yesterday. It is said that Wheischmann wants McGraw to take over the Herrmann holdings, with enough of the stock controlled by Wheischmann to become the majority owner.

McGraw had a meeting with Pat Moran at the Lambs club last night. The meeting ostentatiously was for the purpose of bringing Moran to the Giants as coach, but after his successful career in Philadelphia, Moran is in line for a better position than coach.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court for Probate, by Adeline Martin, who says the letters Testamentary may be issued to her executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, on the seventeenth day of December, A. D. 1918, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to file a public notice thereof, publishing this citation once a week, for three successive weeks, in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be had on day, at least, before said Court, and to pay the expenses of having a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this day of December, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

F. M. ESTY, Register.

12-12-16

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Wheischmann yesterday. It is said that Wheischmann wants McGraw to take over the Herrmann holdings, with enough of the stock controlled by Wheischmann to become the majority owner.

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Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court for Probate, by Adeline Martin, who says the letters Testamentary may be issued to her executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Lowell, in said County of Middlesex, on the seventeenth day of December, A. D. 1918, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to file a public notice thereof, publishing this citation once a week, for three successive weeks, in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be had on day, at least, before said Court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this day of December, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

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GERMANY MUST PAY WAR'S COST

Lloyd George Outlines Terms
—Allied Demands on
Huns 114 Billions

Insists Great Britain Not to
Give Up Navy—Says Con-
scription Must Die

BRISTOL, Dec. 12 (By A. P.)—The war bill of the allies against Germany was \$21,000,000,000 (about \$114,240,000,000), according to the British prime minister, David Lloyd George, who presented this and other interesting facts before a large gathering here yesterday. The cost of the war to Great Britain was \$8,000,000,000 (\$3,080,000,000).

Before the war the estimated wealth of Germany, said the premier, was between \$15,000,000,000 (\$74,400,000,000)

and £20,000,000,000 sterling (\$95,200,000,000). So if the whole wealth of Germany were taken there would not be enough to pay the account.

Therefore, he had used the words: "Germany should pay to the utmost limit of her capacity."

Will Keep the Navy

When the prime minister was addressing an overflow meeting, he said Great Britain would be guilty of a great folly if she gave up her navy. A voice interrupted: "Then watch Winston!"

The premier replied:

"Well, I hope to meet him in a fortnight. I will tell him what you say."

"Wherever the request comes from, we are not going to give up the protection so far as Great Britain is concerned."

Premier Lloyd George said the English military service act was passed in order to meet a great emergency. When that emergency was passed the need was passed and the act would lapse. He added there was no intention to renew it. Whether Great Britain would require conscription in the future in any shape or form, Mr. Lloyd George said, depended not upon the opinion which he now expressed, but upon the peace terms which were made. Continuing, the prime minister said:

"What drove us to conscription was the existence of conscript armies on the continent that inevitably rushed the world into war."

"They could not have great military machines there without tempting the men at the head of them to try their luck with those machines. The Germans always felt there was nothing to resist their perfect military machine."

Must End Militarism

"If you want a permanent peace, if you want to prevent the horrors of this war being repeated, you must put an end to conscript armies on the continent of Europe."

"The first thing to do is to prevent the repetition of blunders of the past by making it impossible to have those great conscript armies in the future."

"We did not have the machinery for an offensive war. Our navy is a defensive weapon and not an offensive one, and that is why we do not mean to give it up. We have kept these islands free from invasion for centuries and we mean to take no risk in the future."

The premier next dealt with the question of indemnity. He declared the war had cost Germany less than it had cost Great Britain. It had cost Great Britain, he declared, £8,000,000,000 sterling—a gigantic sum. The German bill, he believed, was £6,000,000,000 or £7,000,000,000 sterling. He conceded it was indefensible that the person who was in the wrong and had lost should pay less than the person who was declared to be in the right and had won.

To Make Germany Pay

The premier said a British imperial commission had been appointed to investigate the capacity of Germany to pay and that he had received its report. He summarized his remarks on this point as follows:

"First—As far as justice is concerned we have an absolute right to

to be possessed of a head of heavy, beautiful hair; soft, lustrous, fluffy, wavy and free from dandruff, is merely a matter of using a little Dandruff.

It is easy and inexpensive to have nice, soft hair and lots of it. Just get a small bottle of Knowlton's Dandruff now—all drug stores recommend it—apply a little as directed and within ten minutes there will be an appearance of abundance, freshness, fluffiness and an incomparable glow and lustre, and try as you will you cannot find a trace of dandruff or falling hair; but your real surprise will be after about two weeks' use when you will see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—sprouting out all over your scalp—Dandruff is, we believe, the only sure hair grower, destroyer of dandruff and cure for itchy scalp and it never fails to stop falling hair at once."

Girls! Draw a cloth through your hair and double its beauty.

Spend a few cents! Dandruff vanishes and hairs stops coming out.

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If you want to prove how pretty and soft your hair really is, moisten a cloth with a little Dandruff and carefully draw it through your hair taking one small strand at a time. Your hair will be soft, glossy and beautiful in just a few moments—a delightful surprise awaits everyone who tries this.

What Better Gift Could You Give?

A Royal Electric Cleaner

If you want to give "her" something that will bring her real joy on Christmas day and real happiness for 365 days of every year thereafter, why not select this one gift of genuine usefulness—a

Royal Electric Cleaner

Here is a gift that will really be appreciated—that will lighten and simplify housework immeasurably—that will leave your home absolutely dirt and dust free from one end of the year to the other.

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An Electric Cleaner costs no more than many gifts of no practical value. Our convenient payment plan makes purchasing easy.

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The LOWELL ELECTRIC LIGHT CORP.

29-31 MARKET STREET

O.M.I. CADETS OBSERVE FIRE PREVENTION WORK

14TH ANNIVERSARY

The O.M.I. Cadets, one of the most prominent semi-military organizations in the state, observed their 14th anniversary at the Y.M.C.A. hall last evening and the affair, like all others conducted by the cadets, was a grand success. About 200 members were present.

Allies' Interests First

The prime minister continued:

"The first consideration in the minds of the allies will be the interest of the people upon whom the Germans have made war and not in the interests of the German people who have made war and have been guilty of that crime."

With regard to the former emperor, the premier said:

"There is absolutely no doubt that he has committed a crime against international right and there is absolutely no doubt that he ought to be held responsible for it so far as the European allies are concerned."

Referring to a letter said to have been written by a British general to a French general in which the British officer was quoted as saying it was proposed to establish a British national army of 20 divisions based on conscription, but that "the cabinet would not touch this until after the elections and then not until this league of nations nonsense has been discussed at the peace conference," Premier Lloyd George declared:

"The cabinet never heard of the scheme. So far as the cabinet is concerned, it is purely an expression of the opinion of some general."

Must End Militarism

"If you want a permanent peace, if you want to prevent the horrors of this war being repeated, you must put an end to conscript armies on the continent of Europe."

The first thing to do is to prevent the repetition of blunders of the past by making it impossible to have those great conscript armies in the future."

"We did not have the machinery for an offensive war. Our navy is a defensive weapon and not an offensive one, and that is why we do not mean to give it up. We have kept these islands free from invasion for centuries and we mean to take no risk in the future."

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